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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

The Vicksburg captured a small two-masted vessel from Havana, with thirty women and children on board ——The Count and Countess Zuanoff have been arrested, charged with attempting to poison the Czar and Czarina of Russia. ——The British battleship Illustrious sailed yesterday morning for Lisbon, under sudden orders to protect British interests there in view of possible war developments. ——A regiment and two battalions of infantry embarked on the Harvard yesterday at Newport News for Santiago; the vessel will sail this morning. ——In a day or two it is expected that 6,000 troops will sail from Tampa to reinforce Shafter's army; in all twelve to fourteen thousand are to go.] —— N. Y. markets: Money on call 1@1½ per cent.; cotton dull—middling 6⅝c; flour was quiet and steady; wheat—spot dull; No. 2 red 87c; corn—spot easy; No. 2 37½c; rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 40@1 45; spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@27c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 24.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 77 deg.; 8 P. M., 80 deg.; maximum, 86 deg.; minimum, 72 deg.; mean, 79 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.13 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 3.2 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Light and scattered showers have occurred in most all districts, but clear weather prevails. The temperature has been and continues slightly higher.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair weather; continued high temperature; southerly winds.

Port Almanac—June 26.

Sun Rises	4.44 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.13 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 36 M.
High Water at Southport	12.00 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	2.30 A. M.

Columbus, O., dispatches say "Hanna is on top!" That's Hanna's way. He's a cork-er.

It is said that there are slums in Madrid which for nastiness and concentrated deviltry, eclipse the worst quarters of London and Liverpool.

Our troops in Cuba are to be provided with mosquito nets. That's right. It would be tough on the boys to have to fight Spaniards and mosquitoes too.

Russell Harrison has recently discovered some decayed potatoes in a lot delivered for army use. This shows that Russell is a judge of something else than pie.

Felix Mays, a Cherokee chief, who is also a preacher, enjoys good health at the age of 82, and also the society of his father and mother, who are each over 100 years.

Some men are born under an unlucky star. That New Jersey man who stole a locomotive and was arrested was. There are other people who steal whole railroads and are never arrested.

Some men never profit by example. Although living in a town and surrounded by people who know the value of a penny, a Boston hotel waiter who had in his time received $28,000 in tips, has just been sent to the poorhouse.

Barcelona, Spain, which was among the first towns to show a hankering to eat up the "Yankee pigs" is the first to squeal. But there will be more squealers, when they realize the mess they are in.

The Sparrow Point works of the Maryland Steel Company has begun a shipment of 40,000 tons of steel rails of the heaviest and finest quality for the Trans-Siberian rail road. They have to be transported a distance of 13,800 miles.

Some of the Bryan critics object to his wearing a uniform when he expresses opinions not in accord with theirs, as he is said to have done when he made his Omaha speech insisting on good faith! But Gen Merritt wore his uniform when in response to a toast he declared that the Government must hold all it takes. How is that? If uniforms are to be ruled out in speech making, why not rule them out all along the line?

The Philadelphia *Press* urges young men to study the Spanish language, as they will have fine opportunities to turn it to good account after the present war "clouds roll by." When the Atlanta *Journal* a short time ago suggested that Spanish be taught in the public schools of that city some of the esteemed Republican organs showed a disposition to rap Hon. Hoke Smith on the noggin for showing such a pro-Spanish tendency.

Some of the North Carolina papers have been publishing stories about white snakes with pink eyes and other accomplishments, but Missouri comes in with her quota. A paper in Salomon City tells of a woman who got religion at a revival, and announced that "in her breast was a serpent with eyes like balls of fire, and a head as big as a washbowl." Now perhaps the fellows with white, pink eyed snakes will retire.

And now we have a negro Assistant United States District Attorney for North Carolina. As things are going it will not be long before the negroes will have first place and the scallawag white Republicans will be glad to serve under them.

Drought is killing sheep in Australia by the thousand. They are starving for food and perishing for water. Thousands of men are employed in cutting foliage from the forest and other trees to feed them.

Admiral Cervera's full title is Don Almirante Pasquale de Cervera y Tarpete, Cond de Jerez Marquis de Santa Ana. And he took it all with him when he slipped into that bottle.

Joe Leiter should have known better. There were thirteen letters in his name before they wrote it Dennis.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Junius Davis—Notice.
Notice—Schedule B tax.
Hamme—Best straw hats.
Sam'l Bear—Wool wanted.
Sneed Co.—Advisory notice.
The Worth Co.—Watermelons.
N. C. Home B. A.—New series.
Oceanic Hotel—Carolina Beach.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Auction sale.
Vollers & Hashagen—Provisions.
C. W. Polvogt & Co.—Bargains.
Hall & Pearsall—Hay, oats, corn.
Citizens' B. & L. As'n—New stock.
W. B. Cooper—New wheat flour.
For Health—Go to Cleveland Springs.
J. W. Murchison—Hay-making time.
D. McEachern—Send us your orders.
Wil. Savings & Trust Co.—Strong.
Murchison & Co.—Gov't war loan.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

For Sale—Fox terrier dog.
Photographer—Run away.
For Sale—Patent school desks.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.
Wanted—To hire horse and buggy.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. A. J. Yorke, of Concord, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. B. H. Cozart, Jr., of Wilson, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. F. Jones, of Charlotte, was in the city several hours yesterday.

— Mrs. E. Peschau has gone to Charleston to visit her sister, Mrs. Baker.

— Col. J. T. Anthony, of Charlotte, is in the city for a few days, greeting his old friends.

— Mr. M. A. Parker, of Raleigh, was in the city yesterday. He went to Ocean View to spend the day.

— Mr. and Mrs. Herbert F. Wilder left yesterday for St. Stephen's, S. C., to visit Mr. Wilder's parents.

— Mrs. T. J. Haskins, of Birmingham, Ala., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Platt, No. 609 Grace street.

—Messrs. D. W. and D. N. Chadwick left yesterday for Currie to attend the funeral of their father, Capt. John R. Chadwick.

— Mr. A. T. King, who is a student of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky., is here to spend his vacation with relatives and friends.

Colored Volunteers.

James G. Blain is going to have a meeting of his colored volunteers at the corner of Eleventh and Market streets at 8:30 o'clock to-morrow night for the purpose of electing officers. He claims to have fifty-two men enrolled and to expect orders at any moment to move his command.

Lieutenant Walker has also called a meeting of colored men at the Mayor's office to-morrow night.

Go to Washington City, July 19th, on Pipkins' Excursion. Fare for round trip only $6; or to Norfolk and Old Point for only $3. Tickets as far north as Tarboro. Train will leave Wilmington Tuesday, July 19, at 6.30 A. M. Returning, will leave Washington Thursday evening, giving two days and one night in the beautiful capital city of the nation. For full particulars see W. L. Jacobs or Arthur Prempert. †

Selling out Organdies, Lawns and wash goods cheap at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Mosquito Nets and Hammocks at The C. W. Polvogt Co.

THE COMMISSIONERS.

Proceedings in Contempt Against the Sheriff for Refusal to Issue Subpœnas.

REASONS GIVEN FOR REFUSAL

Deputy Sheriff French Says He Does Not Consider the Commissioners Constitute the Lawful Board of New Hanover County.

It now appears that a contempt proceeding is to be instituted against Sheriff G. Z. French by county attorneys John D. Bellamy, Esq., and W. B. McKoy, Esq., because of his failure and refusal to execute the subpœna for Register of Deeds C. W. Norwood and Deputy LeBoe requiring them to appear before the Board of County Commissioners yesterday at 3 P. M. The STAR has previously referred to the issuance of the subpœna and the quandary in which the sheriff and his attorneys have been on account of it.

It was 12.10 P. M. yesterday that Sheriff French called on Chairman Roger Moore at his office on Water street and told him that he had decided not to obey the order of Col. Moore and his associate commissioners. The reason he gave them was that he did not consider them the lawful Board of New Hanover county. Deputy Sheriff King was with Mr. French, as a witness, and Mr. Charles Borden witnessed the proceeding as a friend to Col. Moore and his Board.

At the meeting of the Board of Commissioners, held in the Commissioners' office in the Court House at 3 o'clock, Col. Moore reported the action of Sheriff French, and passed the following resolution, which is self-explanatory:

"WHEREAS, It is made to appear to the Board that a subpœna has been issued by the Board to the sheriff of the county directing the said sheriff to subpœna C. W. Norwood, Register of Deeds, and his deputy to appear before the Board this June 25th, 1898, and;

WHEREAS said sheriff has failed and refused to execute said process.

Now it is hereby ordered that the county attorney be directed to take such legal actions by contempt proceeding and otherwise as he may deem legal to enforce the orders of the Board and punish said officer for his refusal to discharge his duty."

The only other matter which engaged the attention of the Board was the adoption of the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, the Board desires to investigate the financial standing of the county and to ascertain accurately its receipts or what ought to have been its receipts from all sources,

"It is now ordered that the chairman of this Board be directed to issue subpœnas for J. D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court; C. W. Norwood, Register of Deeds; J. J. Fowler, R. H. Bunting, J. M. McGowan, Martin Newman, G. W. Price, G. W. Bornemann, John Cowan, Silas P. Wright, W. W. Harriss, justices of the peace; J. W. Galloway, former clerk to the Board, and W. R. French, clerk to the Criminal Court, to appear before the Board on Saturday, July 16th, 1898, for examination as to all county monies collected by them and turned over to the county treasurer.

"That the chairman is likewise empowered and instructed to issue subpœnas for the same parties to appear at the next regular meeting of the Board on the first Monday in August, 1898."

Yesterday evening about 7 o'clock John D. Bellamy, Esq. and W. B. McKoy, Esq., as the Board's attorney's, in the presence of a STAR representative, presented the twenty-six subpœnas to the sheriff as provided for in the preceeding resolution, together with the fees to which the sheriff would be entitled for serving the papers, and both were declined, on the same ground that he refused to serve the subpœna for the deputy register of deeds to appear yesterday.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED

In an Accident on the Norfolk and Carolina Railroad Early Yesterday Morning.

In an accident on the Norfolk and Carolina Railroad at Tarboro yesterday morning a white brakeman, named Jones, from Richmond, was killed. The accident occurred in a rather unusual way. The rear cars of a freight train broke loose, and when the forward portion stopped for a switch the detached part ran up and a collision followed.

The brakeman was missed soon after the accident, but it was not certain that he was killed until his body was found in the debris late yesterday afternoon.

The track was clear by one o'clock yesterday.

THE BENEFACTOR DISABLED.

Will be Towed to New York by the Delaware.

The Clyde steamship *Benefactor*, while on her way up the river yesterday from Georgetown, broke her crank pin a short distance below Big Island. Capt. Hale came up to the city and secured the service of the *Alexander Jones* to tow the disabled vessel up to the city.

She will be towed down the river this morning by the *Blanche*, and when she gets over the bar she will be taken in tow by the Clyde steamship *Delaware*, bound from Charleston to New York.

New Mattings just opened at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

Trunks, Grips and Bags very cheap at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

CAPE FEAR CHAPTER.

Valuable Additions Made to the Museum of the Daughters of the Confederacy During the Past Week.

Cape Fear Chapter Daughters of the Confederacy continue quite successful in the matter of adding to their already large collection of museum relics. The following valuable additions to the collection were made Friday of this week:

A copy of Col. O. A. Wiggins' address, delivered at Oakdale cemetery Memorial Day, 1898, entitled, "Personal Recollections of Stonewall Jackson and His Last Battle at Chancellorsville;" souvenir of the unveiling of the Confederate monument at Raleigh, May 20th, 1895; copies of the *Messenger* containing extracts from Zeb Vance's war correspondence; copy of Col. A. M. Waddell's address delivered in Richmond before the Association of the Army of Northern Virginia; a document entitled "The Bombardment of Fort Fisher"; a document entitled "Fort Fisher and the History of the 36th Regiment N. C. Heavy Artillery," by Col. William Lamb, of Norfolk; wood from Fort Fisher; letter written from Spartanburg, S. C., to Mr. Henry Nutt, after the secession of South Carolina and before this State had seceded, showing the sentiment which existed at that time; receipt from Major S. V. Reid, Chief of Commissary, C. S. A., to Mr. Henry Nutt, for provisions, mules, etc., bearing date February 9th, 1865; programme and souvenir for an entertainment, for the benefit of Confederate veterans, given in this city June 30th, 1892; copies of *The Southland Magazine*, containing a history of the Third N. C. Infantry; little dress made of two silk kerchiefs slipped through the Wilmington blockade.

Photographs of Confederate soldiers were received as follows: Hon. Geo. Davis, Col. Wm. M. Parsley, Major James M. Stevenson, Captain John Badger Brown, Captain Joseph Webb and Lieut. Halcott P. Jones. Also, a picture of Henry W. Grady; a photograph of Old Sorrell, Stonewall Jackson's horse, which he rode throughout the campaign from Bull Run to Chancellorsville; a photograph of Edward Ruffin, who fired the first gun of the civil war from a battery on Morris' Island, April 12th, 1861.

Another interesting photograph was that of little Miss Christine Sanders Stevenson as she appeared when she presented the gavel to the Cape Fear Chapter, April 19th. With this is a copy of THE MORNING STAR containing her appropriate presentation address and description of the gavel.

AN OLD COLORED MAN.

Excitement on the Corner of Second and Market Yesterday.

Gilbert Telfair, a well known old colored man, was the object of much interest at the corner of Second and Market streets yesterday. He had been imbibing too freely, and imagined that he was facing an army of Spaniards. At times he struck at the air savagely with his hickory walking stick, at other times holding his stick in "present arms" style he would march rapidly from one side of the sidewalk to the other all the time making maudlin remarks about the Spaniards. He finally marched off up Market street where he was arrested by officer W. D. George and escorted to the guard house.

FOUND IN A BACK YARD.

Two Officers Found a Quantity of Clothing Early Yesterday Morning.

Officers Rowan and Murray found a big bundle of clothing in a back yard on Fourth street, between Bladen and Harnett, yesterday morning. It had most likely been stolen from some washwoman's house on Third street, as witnesses can be produced to say that they saw a person coming in a suspicious way from one of the houses referred to during Friday night. Officers Rowan and Murray carried their prize to the City Hall, where later in the day the owner called for his property.

BURST BOX DRAIN.

Conferences Between the Civil Engineers of Railroad and City.

The recent bursting of a box drain at the Sixth street crossing of the Atlantic Coast Line caused the sand to be washed down on the railroad track. There was some talk about the Railroad Company's bringing a suit against the city to recover damages, but it is quite likely that this will not be done. City Surveyor J. H. McRee has had a conference with the civil engineering authorities of the Atlantic Coast Line and whatever plan is considered the best for correcting the difficulty will be pursued by the city.

Colored Masons.

At the last meeting of New Light Lodge No. 61, A. F. and A. Masons, colored, the following officers were elected: R. L. Hutchins, W. M.; W. M. Devane, S. W.; C. N. Miller, J. W.; B. C. Wright, Treas.; J. C. Williams, secretary; Elijah Gause, tyler. The appointed officers were Geo. W. Brown, S. S.; Joseph Williams, J. S.; Jos. D. Hooper, marshal; J. R. Lane, chaplain.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

LOCAL DOTS.

— There will be no service at St. Paul's Episcopal Church to-day.

— The STAR'S fashion plate today outlines an exquisite French batiste dress for morning wear.

— During the past week licenses were issued for marriage of one white and six colored couples.

— Pipkin's excursion to Washington City is on July 19th, instead of July 15th, as stated in yesterday's STAR.

— There will be an excursion from Winston-Salem to this city July 6th. The excursionists are to spend two days here.

— The hop at Seashore Hotel on Ocean View Beach last night, was well attended and much enjoyed by those who participated.

— At a game of base ball Friday afternoon played at LaGrange by the Kinston and LaGrange teams, the latter won by a score of 20 to 12.

—A bottle of the water used by the soldiers at Fort Caswell, was sent up to the city yesterday to be analyzed by Dr. C. P. Wertenbaker.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— Private J. B. Waddill who returned home from Raleigh the other day, will not return. He has his discharge in due form from Washington.

— The four-masted schooner, *Chauncey E. Black*, arrived in port yesterday from Philadelphia, with a cargo of coal for the Navassa Guano Company.

— Mr. T. W. Dewey, of Newbern, secretary and treasurer of the North Carolina Bankers Association, informs the STAR that the annual convention will be held in Charlotte, August 10th and 11th.

— The weekly report of Dr. W. D. McMillan, as superintendent of health, shows that during the past week there were two white deaths and no colored, and one white and two colored births.

— A letter from a soldier in company K, received yesterday, stated that the regiment expected orders to move at any moment, but whether to the Philippines or somewhere else, was unknown.

— The furlough of Private B. D. Baldwin, of Company K, who has been home on account of sickness from poison oak, expires Tuesday, but as he is still suffering a good deal, he hopes to get his furlough extended.

— Soldiers in the United States army can have the postage on their letters paid at destination. A letter was received here yesterday marked simply "Soldier's Letter," and the postage was paid at this end.

— Mr. S. T. Dickens, of Brunswick county, brought two native watermelons to the city yesterday and presented them to ticket agent J. D. Edwards of the Atlantic Coast Line. They were about the first of the season.

— Rev. Alonzo T. King will occupy the pulpit at the First Baptist Church at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. He arrived here yesterday from the Southern Baptist Seminary at Louisville, Ky., where he has been the past two years.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI STAMPS.

Large Supply Expected Daily at the Wilmington Postoffice—All Have Beautiful Designs.

Postmaster W. H. Chadbourn is expecting daily a large supply of the new Trans-Mississippi stamps, which will be continued in use until December 31st, 1898. The engraved space on the new stamps is about seven-eighths of an inch wide by one and three-quarters long. The designs are also radically unlike those of the ordinary stamps, consisting of a border and a central scene indicative in some way of the development of the great region beyond the Mississippi river The scenes and the borders are all printed from line engravings on steel, and executed by the Bureau of Engraving of the Treasury Department. The one cent stamps are dark green, showing "Marquette on the Mississippi;" two cents, copper red, "Farming in the West;" four cents, orange, "Indian Hunting Buffalo;" five cents, dark blue, "Fremont on the Rocky Mountains;" eight cents, dark lilac, "Troops Guarding a Train;" ten cents, slate, "Hardships of Emigration." There are stamps as high in denomination as $2, but the first order of Postmaster Chadbourn does not call for stamps higher than the ten cents denomination.

In the Mayor's Court.

Will Connor, colored, arrested Friday night, by special policeman E. L. Price, for firing a pistol on the street, was tried before Mayor Wright yesterday and fined $5.00 and costs. However, the fine was remitted. Ed. Haywood, colored, was convicted of disorderly conduct and fined $5.00 and costs.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

New Val Laces at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

See the new Piques just received at at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

The Paymaster Appears and All the Boys of the Second Regiment Are Happy.

AMOUNTS TO ABOUT $24,000.

Geo. H. Glass, Late Manager of Bell Telephone Exchange, Charged With Embezzlement—Warrant for His Arrest Issued.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 25.

Paymaster Muhlenburg pays off the Second regiment, in all about $24,000. Adjutant General Cowles last night wired the Paymaster General to have the North Carolina troops paid from the day ordered out, and wired Pritchard to see officials and follow up telegram. This morning Pritchard wired that he saw the officials, and later, Paymaster General Stanton wired Muhlenburg to pay off the regiment from April 27th. This amounts to $10,000 extra for the Second regiment. The credit for this is due Gen. A. D. Cowles. The orders upon which he based his demand were the two following letters:

"*Raleigh, N. C, April 23rd, 1898.*—To Brig. Gen. A. D. Cowles, Raleigh, N. C.—Sir—By authority of the act of Congress and by direction of the Secretary of War in relation thereto, instructing the Governor to raise a volunteer army for service against Spain, you are hereby ordered to take all necessary steps relating to the recruiting and mustering in of such army, giving as far as practicable, the preference to the organized National Guard of the State as now constituted, and making up the quota, in my discretion, from the citizen soldiery volunteering in the defence of their country. You will act in concert with such officers of the United States army as may be delegated for such service.

"In order to put the machinery in motion, you will notify the heads of your departments that they are also on active duty and under your direction, subject to my approval.

"D. L. RUSSELL, Governor."

This called forth this order to the various captains, sent by Gen. Cowles on April 26th; and from that date many companies lived in their armories, ready to move at a moments' notice and paying their own expenses.

"*Dear Sir*—You are ordered to hold your company in readiness to move to Raleigh on orders from this office. Recruit your company to required strength of 77 privates and three officers.

By order of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

A. D. COWLES, Adj't. Gen.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Constable Upchurch left this afternoon for Durham to arrest George H. Glass, late manager of the Bell Telephone Exchange here. Warrants are sworn out by Robert C. Strong, attorney, charging embezzlement.

The morning papers to-morrow will print an interview with Judge Clark replying to Dr. Kilgo's request for his resignation as a director of Trinity college. It is spicy reading, as it severely criticises Dr. Kilgo.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street above Bladen, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, pastor, morning service at 11 o'clock. No service at night. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. All seats free, and every person cordially invited.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Sixth and Market streets, A. G. Voigt, D. D., pastor. English services to-day at 11 A. M. German services at 8 P. M. Sunday school at 4:30 P. M. Meeting of the Christian Association in Luther Memorial Building at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

St. James church, third Sunday after Trinity, 7:45 A. M., the holy communion; 11 A. M., morning prayer, litany, sermon; 6. P. M., evening prayer. Public cordially invited.

Services in St. John's Church to-day (third Sunday after Trinity) at 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. Sunday school at 5 P. M.

Hanover Lodge I. O. O. F.

On last meeting night of Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F. the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term of six months;

P. G.—J. O Wiggs.
N. G.—McL. Bell.
V. G.—P. Johnson.
R. S.—S. G. Hall.
F. S.—C. B. Allen.
Treas.—W. H. Howell.

These with the appointed officers will be installed next Friday night.

Making Good Progress.

The artesian well has reached a depth of 575 feet and 12-inch pipe has been driven all the way. As the average depth on the North Atlantic coast to which pipe of this size is driven is 500 feet, the Water Works Company and the contractors are very well pleased with the progress that has been made. A new lot of 12-inch pipe has been ordered and will get here early this week.

The pipe now is passing through a sand stratum and the well is yielding salt water.

A Spark the Cause.

There was an alarm of fire turned in yesterday morning at 9.25 o'clock from box 14. A spark from the smokestack of the Carolina Cooperage Company's plant had set fire to a small dwelling owned by Pat Glavin and occupied by R. P. Royal. The damage was about $15.

Cleveland Springs.

One of the leading pleasure resorts in the State is at Cleveland Springs. The hotel there this year is under the management of Mr. J. E. Montague, former manager of The Orton, and this fact alone is a great attraction.

Bathing Suits and Caps at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

State Democratic Executive Committee Will Meet at Raleigh Next Tuesday to Organize.

The new State Executive Committee elected by the Congressional Districts, during the sessions of the State Democratic Convention, will meet in Raleigh next Tuesday night, for organization, and for the transaction of important business pertaining to the campaign.

For the Chairmanship the merits of some half-dozen gentlemen have been canvassed; but the indications are very strong that Hon. F. M. Simmons will be elected. For Secretary, Mr. John W. Thompson, the incumbent, will have no opposition.

What is known as the Central Committee will be appointed at this meeting.

The following is a complete list of the members of the committee:

First District—C. L. Abernethy, of Carteret; B. B. Winbourne, of Hertford; F. G. James, of Pitt; W. B. Rodman, of Beaufort.

Second District—T. W. Mason, of Northampton; F. D. Winston, of Bertie; N. O'Berry, of Wayne; Dr. R. H. Speight, of Edgecombe.

Third District—James A. Bryan, of Craven; John M. Faison, of Duplin; Daniel Hugh McLean, of Harnett; Isaac A. Murchison, of Cumberland.

Fourth District—J. R. Young, of Vance; E. C. Beddingfield, of Wake; F. S. Spruill, of Franklin; Wiley Rush, of Randolph.

Fifth District—J. S. Manning, of Durham; W. A. Bobbitt, of Granville; A W. Haywood, of Alamance; ReubenD. Reid, of Rockingham.

Sixth District—Heriot Clarkson, of Mecklenburg; W. H. Neal, of Richmond; W. H. Bernard, of New Hanover; G. B. Patterson, of Robeson.

Seventh District—Paul B. Means, of Cabarrus; W. H. Williams, of Catawba; O. E. Mason, of Gaston; J. R. McClelland, of Iredell.

Eighth District—W. W. Barber, of Wilkes; J. R. Lewellyn, of Surry; Clement Manly, of Forsyth; W. C. Newland, of Caldwell.

Ninth District—W. T. Lee, of Haywood; G. S. Powell, of Buncombe; M. H. Justice, of Rutherford; W. E. Moore, of Jackson.

A Narrow Escape.

Last night, as Mr. James Monroe was driving from Wrightsville Sound in a two-horse turnout, in company with three young ladies, he met with quite a narrow escape from a collision on the turnpike. A blind horse attached to a road cart and containing three drunken men and a quantity of beer bottles came directly towards him "full tilt," and a collision was only averted by Mr. Monroe's cool manipulation of his own team. As it was, one of the men and the beer bottles tumbled out upon the road and well nigh rendered his horses uncontrollable.

At the "Corner" Yesterday.

The "Unlucky Corner," Mr. S. W. Sanders' grocery store, at the corner of Second and Market streets, was well patronized yesterday.

In addition to the usual attractions, ice cold Tate Springs mineral water was served free to all visitors by the proprietor's charming little sister-in-law, Miss Ida Harton.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Series.

The first instalment of the Tenth Series of the N. C. Home Building Association is payable on Saturday, July 2nd, at office in Seaboard Air Line Building, Front street

FRANK H. STEDMAN, Secretary and Treasurer

jo 8 tf

Government Bonds.

We Will Be Pleased to Give Information

In regard to the Government 2 per cent. war loan and receive and forward subscriptions free of charge.

Murchison & Co., Bankers.

jo 25 tf

NOTICE.

A Dividend of Seven per cent.

will be paid on and after the first day of July, 1898, to all creditors of the Bank of New Hanover as Wilmington, who have duly proved their claims before the Receiver.

Junius Davis, Receiver.

jo 24 tf

Schedule B Tax.

Merchants, Commission Merchants, Lawyers, Physicians, dealers in Liquors and Tobacco, Keepers of Hotels, Toll Bridges and Ferries, Corporations, and all others who under the Revenue Act are required to make returns to the undersigned, will take notice that the above Tax is due and

Payable the First Ten Days in July.

Please make returns promptly and save costs. By order of J. W. FOSTER, Chairman Board County Commissioners.

CHAS. W. NORWOOD, Register of Deeds.

jo 22 tf su we su

New Wheat Flour.

200 Barrels New Flour.
160 Barrels 1-8 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-4 Flour.
100 Barrels 1-2 Flour.
25 Barrels 1-16 Flour.
25 Barrels Best Patent Flour

PRICES TERRIBLY DOWN.

W. B. Cooper, Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.

jo 25 tf

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 120, and residence 220.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.

my 22 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAY MAKING TIME.

"Make Hay While the Sun Shines"

Is an old saying, the force of which everybody appreciates. ALL GOOD FARMERS know the importance of heeding this valuable suggestion. But it isn't every one who knows what kind of Mower to buy. THIS IS TO TELL YOU THAT

THE CHAMPION MOWER

Is Without an Equal.

Besides its own advantages the CHAMPION has all the advantages of other Mowers. It is the lighest draft and the most perfect and desirable mowing machine ever offered to the public.

J. W. MURCHISON,

ORTON BUILDING.

jo 19 tf

We Want Your Trade.

We offer at First Cost to Cash Buying Customers,

Meats,
D. S. Ribs,
D. S. Bellies,
D. S. Plates, &c.

Bacon,
Hams, Picnic, &c.

Flours,
STOCK'S BEST PATENT.
Q. Q. Q.

Cigars,
Union League Cubas,
Cuban Blossom,
Renowns,
Topical Twist-head.

Grain,
Corn, Oats, Hay, Meal.

Vollers & Hashagen,

PROVISIONERS,

jo 14 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.

Watermelons.

FIRST CAR OF

Georgia Watermelons

HAS ARRIVED.

QUALITY UNEXCELLED.

Will Be Sold Monday Morning in Lots to Suit. Call Early.

The Worth Company.

jo 26 tf

SEND US

Your Orders for

Flour, Coffee, Meal, Corn, Oats, Hay, MEAT, &c.

AND GET

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN, Wholesale Grocer.

jo 12 tf

Oyez, Oyez, Oyez!

Grand Free Distribution OF THE Celebrated Tate Springs Mineral Water.

ICE COLD.

Come one, Come all, and try this Healing, Curing Water. A young lady will serve it to you Free, Free, Free, Free. Circulars and testimonials of its grand merits will be handed each one.

Only Given Away One Day, Saturday, June 25th.

S. W. SANDERS,

jo 25 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

Wanted,

5,000 lbs. Wool.

3,000 lbs. Beeswax.

WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

jo 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

The Citizens' Building and Loan ASSOCIATION

Will Issue Its Fifteenth Series of Stock

Limited to Five Hundred Shares, on SATURDAY, JULY 2nd, 1898.

Parties desiring shares can have the same reserved for them by leaving their names with the secretary. JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr., Secretary.

jo 23 tf su we su

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $6.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District — Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

AN INVITING FIELD.

According to statistics there are in the countries adjacent to the Philippine islands, that is on the Pacific and Indian oceans, 850,000,000 of people, who, according to commercial reports, purchase $663,214,275 worth of goods from other nations. The following table shows the amount of goods purchased by the respective countries on that side of the globe, and the amount sold to them by the United States, as we find it in the New York *Commercial*, a reliable authority:

	Total.	From U. S.
China	$170,991,384	$ 9,639,440
British India	179,786,742	3,667,370
Japan	90,815,546	8,661,317
Australia	179,722,274	11,095,668
New Zealand	34,733,768	2,398,406
Hawaii	71,164,561	5,464,208
Total	$663,214,275	$40,926,409

This statement shows that the United States sell to these people less than one-fifteenth of the goods they buy annually, a fact which would do little credit to our commercial enterprise if there were not good reasons for it. This is in the face of the fact that American goods are popular in those markets, so popular that buyers prefer them to similar goods made in other countries.

Since tests have demonstrated that the American manufacturer can successfully compete with the manufacturers of other countries there is no reason why our trade with the Eastern Hemisphere, should not attain immense proportions, under conditions that would aid enterprising Americans in extending it instead of putting obstacles in their way. Heretofore they have been handicapped by conditions that made the extension of trade in any country a difficult undertaking, and it required great perseverance and pluck to do as much as has been done. Everywhere the American manufacturer went he found himself confronted by our high protective tariff on the products of those countries, which created a prejudice against this country and an indisposition to trade with us while they could trade with others and exchange their products on advantageous terms with them, which the tariff discriminations prevented them from doing with us.

National trade is to a large extent national barter, an exchange of the goods of one country for the goods of another. Very little cash changes hands, and that is where the traders from low tariff countries have the advantage over traders from this country. In order to overcome this obstacle our manufacturers have to sell goods at such a price as to offset this tariff discrimination. This they have had to do, and in doing it have shown that the assertion that a high tariff is necessary for the preservation of our "infant industries" is a mere pretext, to enable the protected manufacturers to charge home customers one price and foreign customers another, the foreign getting the benefit of competition which is denied to the home purchaser. But still it is to the credit of our manufacturers that in the face of this obstacle they have achieved the success they have in extending their trade into foreign countries, although so little of it goes into the rich field on the other side of the globe.

But this is not all they have had to contend against. Every country against whose manufacturers they have to compete has a merchant marine of its own to carry goods to the markets where they are sold, and the shippers get the benefit of low transportation rates while our shippers having no merchant marine to depend upon have to hire the ships of other nations, the very nations against whose manufacturers they have to compete. The agents in this country of these ship companies, nearly always get as much out of our shippers as they can, while the insurance and other charges are usually made comparatively high, all of which proves a heavy burden to the American shipper. As he has to go into foreign markets and compete with others, this exaction proves no small matter, for if he be able to compete it makes his profit small after the charges have been paid. He cannot recoup by adding them to the price of his goods for if he did the price would be so high that his competitors could undersell him and that would be an end to his trade. He must simply bear it, be satisfied with small profits, keep hammering away and hoping for a better day when we will have ships of our own and he will be freed from dependence upon the ships of the countries whose shippers he competes against, and freed, also, from the enormous tribute he is compelled to pay for the service he needs.

But this is not all, for if he ships goods to the countries to which we refer he must either ship around the South American continent and across the Pacific ocean, a distance of at least 20,000 miles, (almost circumnavigating the globe as far as distance goes,) or across the Atlantic, and through the Suez Canal, a distance of about 13,000 miles to the nearest market he seeks. It takes time to cover either of these routes, and of course the rates for transportation such distance will be high, and unless he sells before shipping he must take his chances on the rise or fall of prices that may occur between the time of shipping and arrival at the designated market.

Under these circumstances it is not surprising that our sales on the other side of the globe are so small compared with their aggregate purchases. Give our manufacturers and traders the same advantages as to tariff, shipping facilities and short routes that their competitors have, and with their perseverance and enterprise they would soon be the leading spirits in those markets.

MINOR MENTION.

The honest, sensible Populists in this State, who before becoming Populist affiliated with the Democratic party, have begun to see through the selfishness and trickery of their leaders, who have been consorting with the Republicans for the spoils of office and using the honest masses of the Populist party to promote their own ambitions and add to their incomes, and therefore many of them are leaving that party and are coming back to the Democratic party, made wiser by their experience. As an illustration, we clip the following from the Kinston *Free Press:*

"The *Free Press* has received information from various sources that in many parts of Lenoir county the Populists are returning home to the Democratic party. This is good news. It is what they ought to do. The Populists who come back into the white man's party, are much braver taan those who, nothwithstanding they reelize they are in the wrong place, decline to return their steps. A hearty welcome awaits our brethren who return to the fold."

We frequently find substantially the same statements in other of our State papers, and they are not from any particular section but from all sections of the State, showing that the dissatisfaction, the disgust and the movement are general. These reports are corroborated by information received by us from different counties in the State, principally from Eastern counties, in some of which the Populist party has been strong and aggressive. It is going to pieces, as any party under such venal, tricky and treacherous leadership could not escape from doing.

* * *

The news from Spain is interesting, showing the widespread dissension, the general dissatisfaction with the way the war has been conducted, the strong feeling against the government and the monarchy, and the utter abandonment of the hope of intervention by other powers, or of saving Cuba, Porto Rico or the Philippines from the wreck. With the Sagasta administration discredited and in contempt, the monarchy denounced and held responsible for the disasters that have fallen upon Spain, with the Cortes suddenly dissolved to prevent more open denunciation and trouble, and with martial law declared, what is there left for Spain to do but to seek peace at once and prevent the inevitable sacrifice of life and treasure that will follow a continuance of the war? The advocates of war have been practicing a studied, systematic deception upon the people by manufacturing news favorable to Spain and suppressing or denying unfavorable news, but with the Philippines in the hands of the Americans, with no movement by other powers to protest against it, with Cuba practically surrounded by American warships and Santiago hemmed in by American and insurgent troops, and Porto Rico helpless when a movement is made in that direction, the deceivers have reached the end of the rope and the actual situation, so much more desperate than they thought it was, is staring the people of Spain in the face. If they have any sense left they will insist on peace at once, for every day that this war is protracted will be not only a day of folly but a day of crime for the Spanish Government. With no prospect of bettering the conditions, it has no right to sacrifice life in this hopeless struggle, which has been a wretched and an insane bungle from the beginning.

* * *

The Washington *Post* is a conservative paper, which has loyally stood by the Government since the inauguration of the war with Spain, but it feels called upon to warn the administration against giving ground for scandal, either by its own acts or by lukewarness in taking steps to prevent the movements that lead it to scandal. After remarking that "it is bad enough to have confusion, futility, harrassing delay, and incompetent direction," that such things are "inevitable and may be endured with patience," that "the blunders of inexperience, the futilities and failures of incapacity may be forgiven," it concludes:

But swindles on the government, jugglery with contracts, the sacrifice of our gallant soldiers to the greedy conspiracies of rascals, the connivance of fraud and traitorous officials, even the good-humored wink of indolence—these offenses will not be borne with patience. Were the *Post* disposed to embarrass the government at this time, it would be easy to show that spoiliation has already been committed, and that further spoiliation is at this moment in contemplation. This is not the part we wish to play. Every consideration of loyalty and patriotic devotion forbids the employment of such methods in the existing emergency. But the government must be on its guard. No price of care and watchfulness and sensitive and jealous caution is too high to pay for the people's self-respect and for the nation's honor. Washington swarms to-day with promoters, with lobbyists, with men of pull and influence. We recognize on every hand familiar faces, ex-officials, campaign managers, representatives of real or imaginary power in politics, drawn here, no doubt, by the opportunities for intrigue and the rewards attaching to success in that department of activity. We know the import of this sinister assemblage, and we speak a word in season.

"Let us have no scandals. Let this business be conducted with cleanliness, with impartiality, in the interest of the country, not for the reward of politicians or the satisfaction of old debts or the exploitation of outside influence. We know that our officials are on guard. It is well for them to know that the American people are on guard themselves."

As the war has progressed the suspicion has grown, and it hasn't been without ground, that politics is figuring in it a good deal more than it should, not only in the appointment of men to military positions for mere political considerations, but in the policies that have been adopted and in the arraignment of Democrats for hesitating or refusing to endorse those policies. Whether there was any politics in the war in the beginning or not there should be neither scandals nor politics in it now.

TWINKLINGS.

— "They tell me he has had sixteen desperate love affairs, and look how fat he is." "Yes. He is an immune."

— When a young man sits ten feet away from a girl and tells her that she is his first and only love, she can bank on his veracity.—*Chicago News.*

— The Parson—"My boy, I trust you have some good and noble aim in life." The Boy—"Why, cert. Do youse t'ink I'm one of dem Spaniards?"

— "This war will be the end of the Spanish nation." "Oh, no. She will have a long and useful career as a horrible example."—*New York Evening Journal.*

— She—"It will be a pleasure for me to share your troubles and anxieties." He—"But I haven't any." She—"Oh, you will have when we are married!"—*Harlem Life.*

—Mrs. Youngwife—"Mary, don't you put acid in the water when you wash the clothes?" Mary—"Oh! yes'm; but don't worry—me hands is used to it."

— "I refuse to give you money with which to purchase a wheel," said the stern parent. "You are a thorn in my flesh." "And you," replied the disappointed youth, "are a tack in my path."

— "Leave the house," cried little Binks, making a brave bluff of strength to the burglar. "I intend to, my small friend," replied the burglar, courteously. "I am merely after the contents. When I take houses I do it through the regular real estate channels."—*Harper's Bazar.*

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in the house; the shiftless fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out 25 cents, the other is out a hundred dollars, and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he he is getting poorer. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver is inactive, you have a bilious look; if your stomach is disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys are affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys, purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. 50 cents a bottle. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

DON'T WORRY.

Don't worry—though above your head
The threatening storm-clouds meet.
The rainbow as of yore shall spread
Its sign of promise sweet.
The flowers fled when winter gray
Proclaimed his cruel sway.
Yet early blossoms smile and say.
"Don't worry."

Don't worry—though the noon-tide find
Your footsteps faltering.
The morn's glad hopes left far behind;
The day its joy shall bring.
When sunset's radiant curtains fall,
Sleep's angel ready at the call
Of night, shall whisper low to all,
"Don't worry."

Don't worry—though with little good
Your eager quest seem fraught,
He that has striven as he could
Has striven as he ought.
Ask not how destiny was planned.
The little that we understand
Is eloquent with the command,
"Don't worry."

—*Washington Star.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Whiteville *News:* Mr. J. D. Meares brought us a spring turnip which measured 21 inches in circumference, and weighed 2 pounds and 10 ounces. It grew from the size of a hen egg to this size in one week.

— Stanly *Enterprise:* Mr. Frank Cooper, a resident of Albemarle, has a pair of boots that he has been wearing for ten years, and often used them to plow in. They have never been half soled and there is no indication that they need it. And this is a hard country on shoes.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Some of the leaders of the Populists and the Republicans in this district have "seen each other." O. H. Dockery, the Republican nominee for Congress, will be endorsed by the Populist convention, which meets in Wadesboro, June 29th. The rank and file have had nothing to do with this deal, but the leaders have fixed it all up and the rank and file will be expected to do the bidding of the leaders. The week after the convention is held the cry will be taken up by the Populist press about the Democratic "machine." —— Dr. R. Armfield's dwelling, at Marshville, was struck by lightning last Saturday afternoon and was considerably damaged. The lightning struck a chimney and ran down three corners of the building tearing off weather-boarding and splitting studding. The front door was torn to splinters and a large hole was torn in the roof. Mr. George Marsh, who was in the house, was severely shocked and had his back painfully burned by the electricity. Mrs. Armfield was considerably shocked, but the children escaped without injury.

— Monroe *Journal:* Mr. John H. Benton planted last year a crop of cotton and one of tomatoes. He put six acres in cotton, made five bales, and marketed it for $135. He kept strict account of all expenses, his own labor and everything, and found that on his cotton he had made a clear gain of $12.60. Three acres were planted in tomatoes, producing about 900 bushels, which was a poor crop. From the three acres he sold $485 worth. Mr. Benton likewise kept strict account of all expense of producing this crop. Until the time for canning, he put the price of labor at the same as other farm labor, but during the work of canning he put the price higher, regarding it as somewhat skilled labor. Only he and his two little boys worked at it, and one dollar per day was allowed each, and after all expense had been counted there was a net profit of $128 on the tomato crop. —— Mr. Ashley Baucom, of New Salem township, is the champion snake killer of his section. Right lately he has killed on his farm, four large adders, the last one measuring three and a half feet in length. Mr. Baucom's little girl found the snake, and called her father and he came up just as it had coiled itself for a spring.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The parson who did the praying for the Ohio Republicans got in a dig at the Foraker people. Mr. Hanna doesn't put up with any half-way business when he selects his hired help.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— News from W. C. P. Breckinridge's district is that the late Congressman's successful opponent will be renominated, probably without opposition. Breckinridge's career seems to have a moral tacked to it somewhere.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— Signs multiply that the peace party in Spain is growing and that diplomatic influence in Europe are at work to bring Spain to her senses. When Sampson and Shafter get in their double blow at Santiago they may prove to be schoolmasters to even the most persistent Bourbons. —*New York World, Dem.*

—— Senator Hale has introduced a bill to grant American registry to prize vessels taken in war, and Congress will find it difficult to get out of passing the measure. Certainly the registry out to go with the flag. The war is not only enlarging the navy, but punching some needed holes in our hidebound Navigation laws.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— The Spaniards claim that the new explosive which Camara has is such that if it is exploded anywhere in the neighborhood of an ironclad so great will be the displacement of water that the vessel will be at once engulfed. That is undoubtedly the sort of ammunition the Spanish gunners need. They have been utterly unable to hit our ships, but they have occasionally, if accidentally, hit the neighborhood.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

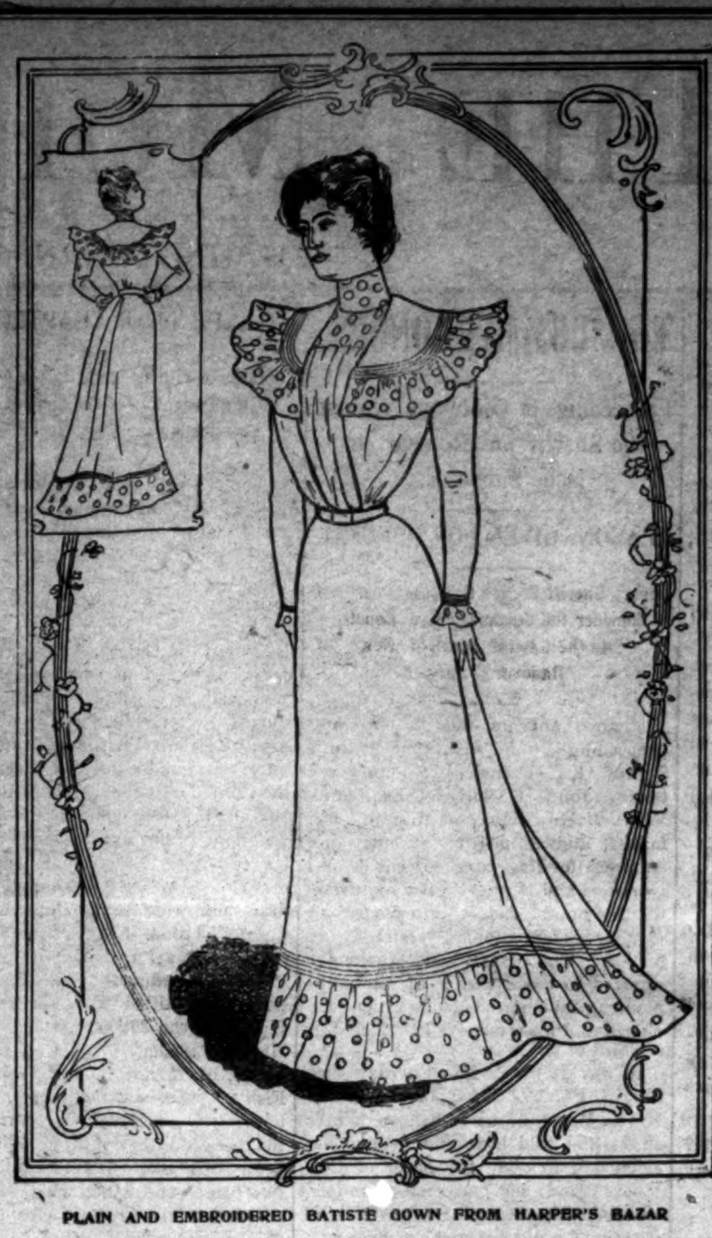
DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The railroads have made the following round-trip rates to Wilmington and return on account of the Democratic Congressional Convention, which meets in that city on the 6th day of July. Tickets on sale July 5th and 6th, good to return until July 9th:

Charlotte	$7.75
Monroe	7.00
Wadesboro	6.05
Rockingham	5.45
Hamlet	5.45
Laurinburg	4.45
Maxton	4.25
Rocky Point	.70
Pembroke	3.85
Lumberton	3.45
Clarkton	2.25
Fair Bluff	3.25
Cerro Gordo	3.00
Chadbourn	2.75
Lake Waccamaw	2.00
Willard	1.75
Burgaw	1.10
Wrightsville	.50

The convention will be called to order at 8 o'clock P. M. on the 6th of July.

T. C. GUTHRIE, Chairman.



PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED BATISTE GOWN FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

A FRENCH batiste dress for morning wear, of pale biscuit color, is a simple model, whose beauty lies in its exquisite texture and quaint simplicity.

The seven-gored skirt, long and beautifully hung in the back, is made to fit the figure closely about the hips. The ruffle at the foot, slightly full, is of white batiste, with large eyelets wrought with heavy silk in mauve; this also makes the ruffle on the broad bertha. The ruffles are headed by three narrow milliner's folds of a paler tint of mauve. The open bodice discloses a chemisette of turquoise blue, which, with mauve, forms one of the favorite French color combinations. The vest is tucked at the neck, and gathered full below the yoke and into a narrow belt of the same material, which is a feature of summer fashions. The sleeves are tight and long, with needle-work frails at the wrist, and the collar is high, straight band of the embroidery.

The proper cut of this gown can be obtained only from the cut paper patterns published by HARPER'S BAZAR, where it appears.

Quantity of material for gown—Plain batiste, 8 yards; embroidered batiste, 2½ yards; colored batiste for vest, ¼ yard; batiste for folds, 2 yards.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— "If you are my friend I shall know it, and you will know it, and the world will know it, and God will know it."

— Be a whole man at everything; whole man is study, in work, in play. —*Joseph Gurney.*

— Economy is half the battle of life; it is not so hard to earn money as to spend it well.—*Dr. Charles H. Spurgeon.*

— The firmest friendships have been formed in mutual adversity, as iron is most strongly united by the fiercest flames.—*Colton.*

— Drudgery is as necessary to call out the treasures of the mind as harrowing and planting those of the earth.—*Margaret Fuller.*

"Our country righting wrong" is a better sentiment to inspire our hearts than our "country right or wrong."—*Baptist and Reflector.*

— The better Christian you and your friend are, the better friends you will be. The genius of friendship is the genius of Christianity.—*Endeavorers Companion.*

—"A friend's gains make you richer than your own possessions; his accomplishments please you more than your own achievements; and the more friends you have the richer you are and the more good you can do."

— The law of nature is that a certain quantity of work is necessary to produce a certain quantity of any kind whatever. If you want knowledge, you must toil for it; if food you must toil for it; and if pleasure, you must toil for it.—*Ruskin.*

A MODEL WIFE.

She Dons Black In Memory of Her Unmourned Predecessor.

He had asked her to be "his'n," and she had made up her mind that she had "worked out" long enough anyway. So she accepted him. She was perfectly satisfied with her place, but she wanted to have a house of her own. So they were married.

It wasn't long afterward that she came back to see her former mistress about something, and the latter noticed that she was wearing mourning. Of course she was sorry for her and was rather surprised that she made no mention of her bereavement. It is, indeed, a grievous thing when a honeymoon is cut short.

Finally the former mistress brought up the subject herself.

"You are in mourning, Maggie," she suggested.

"Yes," replied Maggie complacently, and with no show of feeling at all. "I t'ought it was the least I could do fer 'im."

"It is showing no more than proper respect of course. I am very sorry. It must have been a great shock."

"Great shock!" exclaimed Maggie in surprise. Then as she grasped the idea she went on, "Oh, he ain't dead," with the accent on "he."

"You haven't lost your husband?"

Maggie shook her head.

"Then why are you in such deep mourning?"

"Just to please the poor lad," answered Maggie. "You see, it's this way," she went on when she had decided to tell the story. "After we was married he comes to me an he says, 'Maggie,' he says, 'the poor woman niver had anybody to put on mournin fer her, an I dunno that she's been treated right,' he says. 'Who?' says I. 'Me first wife,' says he. 'She was all alone in the world, exceptin fer me,' he says. 'She had no wimmen folks to wear mournin fer her.' And so I says to him, 'I'll do it fer the poor woman,' I says. An here I am."

And the best of it is that the story is absolutely true.—Chicago Post.

I was seriously affected with a cough for several years, and last Fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by a friend who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me, I tried it, and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. Respectfully, MRS. MARY A. BEARD, Claremont, Ark. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than R. R. BELLAMY who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

Article			
BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb		@	8
Shoulders ℔ lb	7	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb		@	6¼
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	6½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ lb		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80	@	85
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ lb—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 25
Straight		@	5 25
First Patent		@	5 75
GLUE—℔ lb	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	52½
Car load, in bags—White		@	52½
Oats, from store		@	42½
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	90
HIDES—℔ lb—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	1½	@	2
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	7½	@	7¾
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 50	@	12 00
Rump		@	12 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	70
Lisbon		@	
American		@	70
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5½
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C. Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ lb—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 23½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 23 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.50 for Dip, and $1.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine quiet, 24¾c, 24¼c; rosin steady, $1.25, $1.30; tar steady, $1.10; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	196
Rosin	418
Tar	166
Crude Turpentine	76

Receipts same day last year.—147 casks spirits turpentine, 446 bbls rosin, 52 bbls tar, 54 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16	cts. ℔ lb.
Good Ordinary	4⅛	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞	" "
Good Middling	6⅛	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅝c.

Receipts—8 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@80c.

CORN—Firm; 55@57½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Money on call was steady at 1@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 485½ for demand and 484@484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 485½ and 486½@487. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates 59@60. Bar silver 59¼. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds were strong; U. S. new 4's, registered, 124½@125½; do. coupon, 124½@125½; U. S. 4's 110@111; do. coupon, 111@112; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered, 111½@112½; do. 5's, coupon, 111½@112½. State bonds—N. C. 6's 126; 4's 106.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@27c.

CHARLESTON, June 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½c; no sales. Rosin quiet and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, June 25.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½c; sales 1,012 casks; receipts 1,592 casks. Rosin firm; sales 433 barrels; receipts 2,933 barrels; A, B, C $1 00, D $1 05, E $1 10, F $1 30, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 75, W W $1 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of two to four points. The lower prices resulted from light foreign and local selling. After steadying to last night's final figures on covering of shorts who feared to take chances over Sunday, the market became dull and listless. The late market for cotton futures was a narrow, featureless affair, with the close quiet and steady at net unchanged prices to three points advance.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Cotton dull; middling 6⅛c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 17,800 bales: June 6.18c, July 6.19c, August 6.21c, September 6.07c, October 6.07c, November 6.05c, December 6.08c, January 6.11c, February 6.14c; March 6.18.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 6⅛c; middling gulf 6⅜c; sales 1,088 bales.

Net receipts 338 bales; gross receipts 367 bales; forwarded 29 bales; sales 1,088 bales; sales to spinners 125 bales; stock (actual) 105,445 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,017 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,017 bales; exports to France 5,078 bales; exports to the Continent 850 bales; stock 309,538 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,446,778 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,416,229 bales; exports to France 811,516 bales; exports to the Continent 2,906,781 bales.

June 25—Galveston, quiet at 5 13 16c, net receipts 187 bales; Norfolk, dull at 6⅛c, net receipts 55 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅛c, net receipts — bales; Boston, very dull at 6⅛c, net receipts 72 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5⅞c, net receipts 8 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6⅜c, net receipts 34 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¾c; net receipts 81 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 5 15-16c, net receipts 2,150 bales; Mobile, quiet at 5¾c, net receipts 92 bales; Memphis, quiet at 6c, net receipts 55 bales; Augusta, steady at 6 3-16c, net receipts 2 bales; Charleston, quiet at —c, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Flour was quiet and steady; city mill patents nominal. Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red 87c; options opened stronger and ruled firm on covering, inspired by satisfactory cables, foreign buying and showery weather West; closed steady at ½@⅝c net advance; No. 2 red July closed 79c; September closed 72c; December closed 72½c. Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 37¼c; options opened steadier with wheat, but yielded later to realizing and closed partly ⅛c net lower; July closed 36½c; September closed 37½c; December closed 37⅞c. Oats—Spot dull; No. 2 28c; options inactive and easier, closing ⅛c net lower; July closed 27¼c. Lard steady; Western steam $5 90; July $5 95, nominal; refined quiet, mess $10 25@10 50; short clear $12 00@12 75; family $12 00@12 50. Butter steady; Western creamery 12@14½c; do. factory 11@12½c; Elgins 17c; imitation creamery 12@14½c; State dairy 12½@16c. Cheese very strong. Petroleum dull; United closed; no market; refined New York $6 15; Philadelphia and Baltimore $6 10; do. in bulk $3 60. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 5¼@7¼c; Japan 5⅛@6c. Cabbage quiet; Southern $1 00@1 25. Cotton seed oil barely steady and low to sell; prime crude 20c, nominal; prime summer yellow 24½c. Coffee—Spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 6¼c; No. 7 jobbing 6¼c; mild inactive; Cordova 8½@15½c. Sugar—raw quiet; fair refining 3⅝c; centrifugal 96 test 4⅛c; refined quiet; standard A 5¼c; granulated 5⅜c.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Lack of speculative trade to-day created a heavy feeling in wheat. July closed 1⅛c down and September left off ⅛c lower. Corn lost ⅛c and oats declined ⅛c. Pork advanced 5c and lard 2½@5c. Ribs unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Cash quotations: Flour dull; winter wheat patents $4 80@4 90; straights $4 40@4 60; special brands hard spring patents $5 00; bakers' $3 25@3 50. Wheat—No. 2 spring 69@81c; No. 3 spring 65@75c; No. 2 red 78c. Corn—No. 2 31⅝c. Oats—No. 2 23c; No. 2 white free on board, 26c; No. 3 white free on board, 25c. Rye—No. 2 44c. Mess pork, per bbl., $9 55@9 66. Lard, per 100 lbs., $5 62½@5 67½. Short rib sides, loose, $5 25@5 50. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 75@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $5 65@5 85.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 June 80, 80, 80, 80; July 73, 73, 71¾, 71¾c; September 67½, 67¼, 66¼, 66¼c; December 67½, 67¾, 66¾, 65¼c. Corn—July 32¼, 32¼, 31⅝, 31⅝c; September 32⅞, 32⅞, 32¼, 32¼c; December 33⅜, 33⅜, 32¼, 32¼c. Oats—July 23⅛, 23⅛, 23, 22⅞; September 20¾, 20⅝, 20, 20⅜. Pork, per bbl.—July $9 50, 9 55, 9 50, 9 55; September $9 70, 9 72½, 9 65, 9 70. Lard, per 100 lbs—July $5 65, 5 65, 5 60, 5 62½; September $5 75, 5 75, 5 70, 5 72½. Ribs, per 100 lbs.—July $5 50; September $5 52½, 5 52½, 5 47½, 5 50.

BALTIMORE, June 25.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat dull; spot and month 86¼c; July 77@77¼c; August 72⅞@73¼c; Southern wheat by sample 75@86c, new. Corn; spot and month 34¼@34⅜c; July 34@34¼c; September 35¼c bid; Southern white corn 35½@36c. Oats easy; No. 2 white 31½@32c.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 25, 1 P. M.—Cotton—spot dull; prices unchanged. American middling 3 7-16d. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 4,900 American. Receipts 6,000 bales, including 4,600 bales American. Futures opened easy with a moderate demand and closed quiet; American middling (l m c): June 3 24-64d value; June and July 3 24-64d value; July and August 3 24-64d buyer; August and September 3 24-64d value; September and October 3 23-64d value; October and November 3 22-64d seller; November and December 3 21-64d value; December and January 3 21-64d value; January and February 3 21-64d buyer; February and March 3 21-64@3 22-64d buyer; March and April 3 22-64@3 23-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Schr Emma S, 60 tons, Cahoon, Norfolk, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Schr Chauncey E Burk, 871 tons, Townsend, Philadelphia, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 26, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

Emma S, 60 tons, Cahoon, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Chauncey E Burk, 871 tons, Townsend, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Margaret B Roper, 394 tons, Cranmer, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Isaach H Tillyer, 568 tons, French, Geo Harriss, Son & Co. In distress.
C C Lister, 280 tons, Robinson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

Starlight, 243 tons, Rhodes, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day, According to Location.

West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office. Goldsboro, N. C.
feb 25tf

Special Meeting

OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WILMINGTON AND WELDON RAILROAD CO.

Office of the Secretary of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21ST, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, duly called and held at room No. 16, Chamber of Commerce building in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was *Resolved*, That a special meeting of the Stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, at 11 o'clock A. M., on Monday, the 18th day of July, 1898, to consider such matters as may be brought to the attention of the Stockholders.

JAMES F. POST, JR., Secretary W. & W. R. R. Co.
je 21 24t

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, AT THE

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SUITABLE FOR

WRAPPING PAPER

AND EXCELLENT FOR

Placing Under Carpet.
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Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

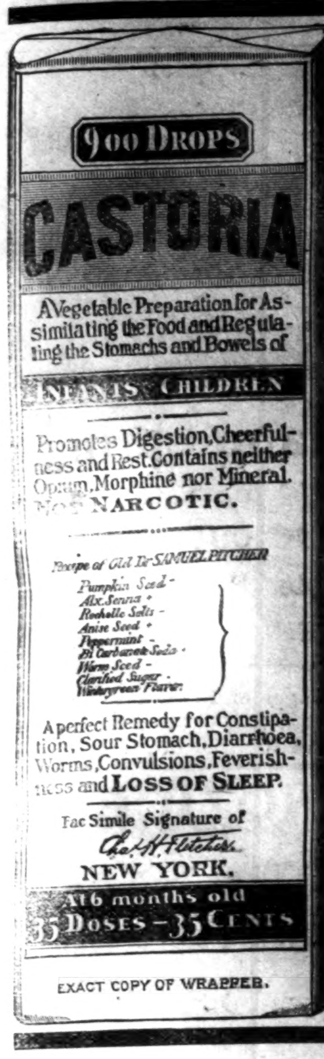
can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

OUR GREAT RIVER.

Some Interesting Facts About the Father of Waters.

How many Americans appreciate the grandeur of their country's geography?

How many know that there is no river system on earth which even distantly compares with that of the Mississippi and its tributaries?

The census tells us that these rivers, all flowing through one channel into the gulf of Mexico, aggregate more than 100,000 miles in length. The Amazon, the Nile, the Ganges and all the rest of the great river systems on earth put together scarcely approach this magnificent showing.

Think of it! A steamboat leaving Pittsburg can visit 23 states without passing through any artificial channel. It can go up the Alleghany and Monongahela, the Big Sandy, the Kentucky, the Wabash, the Tennessee and the Cumberland—clear into Alabama—before reaching the mouth of the Ohio.

Below Cairo it can traverse not only the Mississippi, but the St. Francois, the Arkansas, the White, the Red, the Yazoo, the Tallahatchee, the Yalobusha, the Ouachita, the great bayous and all the tributaries of these streams.

Above Cairo lie the upper Mississippi, the Illinois, the Missouri, the Yellowstone, the Platte, the Big Horn and a score of tributaries to all these. The supposititious steamboat can land at 1,050 towns and cities on its way.

These rivers drain an area of 1,683,303 square miles, occupied by a population of 24,298,332 in 1890.

The commerce of this great river system was carried on in 1889 by 7,453 vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 3,398,379 and a value of $15,585,005.

And so rich is that commerce that its annual gross earnings exceed the total value of the craft engaged in it by nearly $1,000,000. It carries nearly 11,000,000 passengers and nearly 33,000,000 tons of freight per year.

And this is only one of the great river systems of our country—one of many that include such mighty systems as that of the Yukon, that of the Columbia, that of the Colorado and that of the Alabama at Tombigbee.

And from one end to the other of all these rivers there is no custom house to stop traffic or to levy a cent of tribute upon it.

It is worth every American's while to reflect upon the greatness of our land and to rejoice in it. It is worth while to remember also that the resources of this marvelous country are far less than half developed.—New York World.

DANGER!

Few appreciate the Danger to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial.

Mother's Friend

so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without the violent protest of Nausea, Headache, etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to hopeful anticipations, she passes through the ordeal quickly and with little pain, is left strong to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her, and the time of recovery shortened.

Sent by express, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "TO EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed Free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

je 20 tf 3u fr we

Special Meeting

OF THE

Stockholders of the Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE WILMINGTON, COLUMBIA AND AUGUSTA RAILROAD CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C., JUNE 21, 1898.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company, duly called and held at Room No 16, Chamber of Commerce building, in the city of Baltimore, Md., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1898, it was

Resolved, That a special meeting of the stockholders of this Company be and the same is hereby called by this Board, to be held at the office of the Company in the city of Florence, South Carolina, on Friday, the 15th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the question of securing the surrender of the lease of the railroad and property of this Company now held by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, and for the further purpose of considering and acting upon the question of the consolidation of this Company with the North Eastern and other railroad companies of South Carolina, under the Act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, entitled, "An Act to incorporate the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company of South Carolina and to authorize the consolidation of certain railroads under that name," approved March 5, 1897, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

JAMES F. POST, JR., Secretary.

je 22 21t

For Rent.

A FEW COTTAGES FOR RENT on Carolina Beach. Also one six room Cottage at Ocean View.

je 21 tf

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

CURE YOURSELF!

BIG G — Trade Mark — Price $1.00. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. **Sold by Druggists**, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FAREWELL TO LOVE.

I'm climbing up the great divide,
Away, my love, from you.
Though feet may falter
And footsteps slide,
And heart grow weary,
And death betide,
I go, dear love, from you.

I'm climbing up the great divide
Away, away from you,
And what will be on the other side,
O'er endless plains
And endless ride,
No joy lit home
Or place to bide,
I go on still from you.

'Twere mad to linger, wise to go
Away, dear love, from you
And leave behind the river's flow,
The wild, weird laugh
In the evening's glow,
The wattle flowers
Which bloom below
The squatter's home and you.

Is there a "presence on the hills"
I would not see below,
Or Lethe's draft,
All pain that kills,
Or scented lotus,
Which slays our wills,
Where I go, love, from you?
—Westminster Budget.

A Friend Worth Knowing.

Needham was at a little reception the other evening and, as usual, was making himself conspicuous by his audible remarks concerning the notable persons of his acquaintance and trying to make himself agreeable to every one who appeared well to do, with an eye to the possibilities of raising the wind at some time in the near future.

During the evening he came face to face with a nice, kind, fatherly looking old gentleman, who eyed him dubiously. This was an opportunity not to be lost.

"My dear sir," said Needham effusively, "I am quite sure that we have met before, but I am unable to recall where."

"Yes," replied the old gentleman quietly, "I know that I have seen you before. Your face is familiar."

They spent a few minutes together; then the old gentleman left. Needham noticed that he was treated with great respect and decided to learn more about him.

"I am confident that I know that gentlemen very well," he said to one of the guests, "but I have so many influential friends and acquaintances that it is not surprising that I do not remember him or his name."

"Yes, he is very wealthy and well known," returned the other, who was not deceived as to Needham's character. "I dare say you've seen him. He is the pawnbroker!"

Needham remembered that he had another engagement.—Pearson's Weekly.

Cleanliness.

We have frequently insisted upon the necessity for absolute cleanliness, in favor of which too much cannot be said. Cleanliness covers a large part of sanitary labor. Cleanliness that is purity of air, cleanliness that is purity of water, cleanliness in and about the house, of the person, of dress, of food and feeding, in work, in habits of individual man and woman, cleanliness of life and conversation, purity of life, temperance—and by the latter we mean moderation—all these are in man's power. The clean man or woman will, other things being equal, be the healthy one. Modern knowledge of bacteria has given enormous impetus to cleanliness in medicine. Surgeons now disinfect their instruments more carefully than ever, so as not to have them carry infection to their patients.—New York Ledger.

The Wonder of Wansee.

The house of Dr. Siemens, the Berlin electrician, is known throughout Germany as "the wonder of Wansee." It is fitted from roof to cellar with electricity. The dining room, kitchen and wine cellar are all connected by means of a miniature electric railway. In order to convey things from one room to another the article required has only to be placed on a little car, a button pressed, and the car is almost instantly where it ought to be.

A citizen of Brooklyn has the largest known collection of bills of fare. There are over 4,000 in the collection, embracing everything from the cracked slate of a mining camp dugout to the extended entrees with which Queen Victoria fattened her subjects on jubilee day and the czar gorged his starving thousands.

During the last 56 years the increase of population has been: In France, 18 per cent; Austria, 45; Italy, 48; United Kingdom, 63; Germany, 75; Russia, 92; British colonies, 510; United States, 636.

THE JOLLY AMEER.

Abdurrahman of Afghanistan One of the Most Original of Rulers.

The most interesting ruler in the world at present is probably Abdurrahman of Afghanistan.

A fine old crusted autocrat is Abdurrahman, capable of waking up his doctor to ask if it would hurt him to eat a peppermint lozenge, and also shutting up a thief in an iron cage to starve to death.

Once a beggar in Kabul asked alms of the khan.

"Did you ever work for a living?" asked the ruler.

"Never, O khan!" the man replied. "I am a beggar."

"Then," said Abdurrahman, "we can do without you," and forthwith directed that the beggar should be hanged. He is, however, susceptible to flattery and can sometimes be cajoled.

A man whom he had sentenced to have his ears cut off for some indiscretion happened to be a friend of his chief secretary, who averted the mutilation by offering to perform the task himself, provided it might be done in the ameer's presence.

To this he assented, whereupon the secretary explained that he had never executed this form of punishment before and would his highness show him how much was to be removed.

The ameer passed his hands over both ears of the trembling wretch, whereupon the secretary reminded him of a passage in the Koran saying that anything touched by the representative of the Almighty became sacred. So the ears were saved.

Afghanistan is anything but backward, as Asiatic countries go. There is a modern factory in Kabul run by steam and employing 3,500 workmen which turns out daily 10,000 Martini-Henry cartridges and 10,000 Snider cartridges, finished and complete; 22 Martini-Henry and 20 Snider rifles; 50,000 coins; two field guns, varying from 3 pounders to 12 pounders; 12 Maxims; 18 Gardners, with carriages and full equipment, per annum, as well as a large number of swords and mechanical contrivances.

The ameer takes great pride in the factory and makes his khans and all his visitors go and see it. One day Umra Khan, who came from a distance, called on Sir Salters Pyne and said: "How do you make guns?" "It is quite easy," replied Pyne. "You makes a hole first and then wrap some iron around it." "Ah," he said sorrowfully, "there is lots of air for the hole in my country, only no one there knows how to wrap the iron around it!"—New York World.



The Mother Eagle Calls Her New Chicks

(Philippina, Cuba and Porto Rico)

home to roost. She thinks they are not very pretty, but for a Fourth of July present they will do. Our chickens are plump and tempting, and for a Fourth of July meal or any other meal they are tender and toothsome. Our Steaks, Chops and Roasts are the choicest cuts to be found anywhere.

I. B. RHODES.

je 21 tf

FOR SALE.

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington N. C.

my 28 tf

The State Normal and Industrial College

Offers the young women of the State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education. *Annual Expenses $90 to $130.* Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,500 students, representing every county in the State except two. Practice and Observation School of about 200 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications must be made before August 1.*

Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers.

For catalogue and other information, address

PRESIDENT McIVER, Greensboro, N. C.

je 15 2w

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

University of North Carolina,
vs.
Silvia Jones et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled cause, the undersigned Commissioner will on Tuesday, the 5th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., expose for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, the following described lot of land, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street 66 feet south of the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Brunswick streets, runs thence south with the western line of Sixth street 66 feet, thence west 165 feet, thence north 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning, being the east half of Lot 2, Block 265.

JAMES W. SNEEDEN, Commissioner.

je 5 4t sun

TAX NOTICE!

The Tax-listers of Cape Fear, Masonboro, Federal Point and Harnett Townships will meet at the

County Court House, on Thursday, June 30th,

for the purpose of Listing Taxes of non-residents owning property in said Townships.

F. W. Foster, Chairman Board County Commissioners.

je 24 3t fr su th

The University.

Largest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 508; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses, 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition $60 a year; Board $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Summer School for Teachers, 94 Instructors, 185 Students. Total enrollment, 670. For Catalogue, address,

PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.

je 21 2w

1793 Bingham School ASHEVILLE, N. C. 1898

Established in 1793. Maj. R. BINGHAM, A.M., LL.D., Supt. Military; U. S. Army Officer detailed.

je 24 6m fr su we

Fruit.

All dietists agree as to the healthful value of fruit, differing only in opinion as to time and method of serving it. Authorities admit that fruit alone will not sustain life for a prolonged period, but its use is almost indispensable to the maintenance of health. Professor Elliott thinks that ripe fruit as a rule is more palatable and equally nutritious in the uncooked state. The proper time, too, to eat fruit, he advises, is either at the beginning of a meal or between meals, when it aids digestion and exerts the greater laxative effect. Taken at the completion of a meal, it dilutes the gastric juice and tends to embarrass digestion. This idea is not in accordance with the English custom, it being an almost national practice over there to serve fruit at the end of the meal.—New York Post.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

Mr. P. Ketcham, of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Stings and Bites

of Mosquitoes, Sandflies

and other pestilential insects are not very pleasant sensations.

There Is No Better Remedy

for Stings, Bites, Bruises, Cuts, &c., than

WITCH HAZEL EXTRACTS.

Every one living on the Sound or Beach should keep a good supply of Witch Hazel all the time. We have just received a large quantity of the best quality of Witch Hazel Extract and are selling it at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Why pay $1.75 for a quart of extract of Witch Hazel, called Pond's Extract, when you can get the same quantity for about one-fourth the cost? Very close price in one or five gallon lots.

Ammonia 25c per quart, equal to two quarts Household Ammonia.

J. Hicks Bunting, Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

je 23 tf

SEASHORE HOTEL,

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.

GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. E. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. CUISINE up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.

je 2 tf

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT

Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts

de 3 tf

FOR PIC NIC HAMS,

D. S. Sides, Plates,

Bellies, Corn, Meal, Hay,

Oats, Plow Lines,

HOOP IRON, SPIRIT CASKS, NAILS

and everything in groceries, go and see

R. R. STONE & CO.,

or write for prices. je 7 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport

STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 8.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—Leave Wilmington, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.

Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.

Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M.; Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 5 P. M.

9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.

Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats to pier and return, 15 cents.

J. W. Harper.

je 5 tf

Ed. Guyon and Wm. C. Moore

May hereafter be found at the Barber Shop of the undersigned, where they are prepared to do all work in their line in a first class manner.

Respectfully,

A. PREMPERT, Barber, 11 South Front St.

my 8 tf

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

ICE, ICE, ICE,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.

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The Morning Star.

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

Note the following Reduced Rates of Subscription:

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
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Two Months, by Mail,	1.00
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DELIVERED, BY CARRIERS, TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS AT 45 CENTS PER MONTH.

Address,

WM. H. BERNARD, Editor and Proprietor, WILMINGTON, N. C.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, HELD JUNE 22ND, THE USUAL

Semi-annual Dividend of 3 Per Cent.

Was Declared.

LOCAL STOCKHOLDERS MAY RECEIVE THEIR DIVIDEND CHECK BY CALLING AT THE BANK

J. W. Norwood, President.

je 23 tf



A Fresh Supply of All Kinds of Duttenhofer's and Mundell's

FINE SHOES

JUST RECEIVED.

Look in Our Show Window.

We invite the Ladies especially to try the Shoes.

We keep at the same old place, 63½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.

a 17 tf

PINEAPPLES!

FRESH

From Florida.

5 and 10 Cents Each.

THE KING GROCERY CO.

B. F. KING, MANAGER.

'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.

je 24 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, West End, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours, Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

West End, Moore Co., N. C.

my 12 tf

Blue Ridge Springs — **The Favorite Summer Resort** of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty six consecutive seasons under the management of PHIL. F. BROWN

my 29 3m

Alleghany Springs,

Virginia,

Recommended by the State Medical Society, is celebrated for its cures of Dyspepsia, in its various forms. Most extended and beautiful grounds in the mountains. Special rates to families. For descriptive pamphlet, testimonials, terms, &c., write to

C. A. Colhoun, Prop.

je 23 1m

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:28 p. m., Hamlet 6.58 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:27 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:12 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:48 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:36 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:30 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 10 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect May 26th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	7 42 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	10 55 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	11 08 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 12 "
Leave Sanford	12 32 P. M.
Leave Climax	2 29 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Greensboro	3 10 "
Leave Stokesdale	3 58 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 29 "
Leave Rural Hall	4 57 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 50 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 53 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 05 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 10 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8.00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

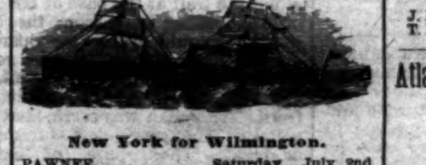
CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

PAWNEE............Saturday, July 2nd

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN............Saturday, July 2nd

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN............Tuesday, June 28th

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
my 29 tf

Mrs. W. E. Mayo

HAS OPENED THE

Ocean View Hotel

For the season, where she is prepared to serve her guests as formerly. WATER FROM ARTESIAN WELL. Special rates to families. je 2 1m

Thos. W. Greer, Administrator of W. R. Greer, deceased,
vs.
E. J. Greer et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the above entitled action, the undersigned Commissioner will on the 18th day of July, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door, expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lot of land, to-wit: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Queen and Fourth streets, runs thence southwardly with the western line of Fourth street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Queen street 33 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Fourth street 66 feet to the southern line of Queen street, thence eastwardly with said southern line of Queen street 33 feet to the beginning.

DAN. D. CAMERON, Commissioner.

June 13, 1898.
je 14 30t

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 1ST, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. my 31 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE



Schedule In Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:08 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:08 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:30 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 3:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.05 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:30 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9:20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28. 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro........	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston........	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern........	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City..	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.23 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

feb 1 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1898.

WITH THE TROOPS IN CUBA.

The Topographical Situation—Jungle Growth—Roads Almost Impracticable—Suffering from Heat.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

ON BOARD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, off Jarauga, Province of Santiago de Cuba, June 23, via Kingston, Ja., June 24, 7 P. M.—Now that the American land forces are threatening the city of Santiago de Cuba, the topographic conditions prevailing in that vicinity becomes interesting. Baiquiri, where the first landing was made, and Jarauga, where General Lawton's headquarters were last night, are both small coast towns in the throat of narrow cuts through a range of low hills fringing all the southern coast. Baiquiri is twelve miles east of Santiago and Jaruga is eight miles east of that city by the coast line road which runs behind the hills twice as far. It is called here a wagon road, but, it is only practicable for heavy two wheeled carts, having six bullocks yoked to them, tandem fashion, and drawing a very small load. The pioneers report that the trail is practicable for artillery and pack trains, but it is unspeakably bad, even for walking, though it is reasonably level.

Our troops have now passed all the small hills intervening between here and Santiago. The remaining twelve miles by road is practically level country with more chance for open order. So far, however, the road has obeen walled in and in most places verarched with impenetrable jungle growth, the vines and creepers smelling like the interior of a fragrant over-heated conservatory, and picturesque with splashes of tropic color in oleanders and other flowers, but terrible for troops. For half a mile near Demajayaho a small stream runs in the road and the men have been compelled to walk in water.

Incidentally the medical advice about wet feet, the night winds, perspiring on soaked bodies, and the necessity of boiling drinking water, has already been thrown to the winds. Easy as the advice sounds at home, it is almost impossible to follow it. Some of the American officers who are familiar with Arizona say they have never seen soldiers on the plains present such pictures of distress from the heat, and they add that the only wonder is that there are so few prostrations at present.

The American stature and apparent stamina are remarkable in comparison with the Cubans and Spaniards. The colored soldiers of the Twenty fifth and Tenth regiments are uniformly large and they seem black giants in the jungle beside the tiny negro Cuban guides.

A SMALL PRIZE CAPTURED.

Two-masted Vessel With Refugees from Havana—They Report Hunger and Starvation in the City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., June 25, 10.30 A. M.—A two-masted vessel, the Amapala, of Trujillo, Honduras, was brought in here this morning, flying the American flag and in charge of Ensign Zeen, of the Vicksburg. She was captured yesterday afternoon at sunset, while leaving Havana and attempting to run the blockade. She was quickly overhauled by the Vicksburg and was found to have over thirty women and children and a number of men on board, crew and passengers, all refugees. There was no sickness on board the Amapala; but she is detained in quarantine.

The Amapala is a small wooden brig. She had been lying at Havana since before the blockade. Her crew numbers eleven men besides the captain, but almost all were male refugees.

Gerome Baze, a French citizen, who for three years was a leading exchange broker in Havana, chartered the vessel and got together over forty people eager to embrace any chance to escape from Havana. He is in charge of the expedition, made up of all nationalities, including Spanish, French, Venezuelans, Cubans and Turks. They fully expected to be captured, but the conditions in Havana were so dreadful for the poorer classes, that any risk was preferable to starvation. The Amapala came out of Havana openly and offered no resistance. All of the captives are confident of release. Hardly any provisions were on board at the time of the capture and no cargo or contraband articles were found, and she may not be held as a prize. They report everything quiet at Havana, which looks like a deserted city since business and traffic are at a standstill. Hunger and starvation stare the lower classes in the face, the well-to-do having laid in three months' stores. After these are exhausted distress will be general, as there is no further source of supply.

The stories regarding the relief through Southern ports are denied. Nothing has gone into Havana for over a month, and the situation, consequently, is very grave. Murder and robbery are of daily occurrence in Havana, prompted in every case by want and hunger.

PEACE CONDITIONS.

According to Madrid Report Suggested By the United States.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, June 25, noon.—The *Correspondencia* of this city to-day publishes report to the effect that the peace conditions suggested by the government of the United States include the possession of the United States of the island of Porto Rico, the independence of the island of Cuba under protectorate of the United States, the establishment of a naval station for United States warships in the Philippine islands, and the establishment of a coal depot for United States warships in the Canary islands.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—The announcement from Madrid that the United States has suggested peace conditions with Spain was received here with great interest for the reason that the report was regarded as a "feeler," set afloat with the distinct purpose of developing the state of public feeling in America, as well as in Europe. There is no basis of fact for the report, for when it was exhibited at the State Department it met a prompt and unqualified denial at every point. No overtures have come to the department from any responsible diplomat as yet, looking to the consummation of peace.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FRIDAY'S FIGHT NEAR SANTIAGO.

Further Particulars of the Bloody Engagement Between American and Spaniards.

A DEAR BOUGHT VICTORY.

Though It is Believed the Enemy's Loss Was at Least Fifty Dead and Double as Many Wounded—American Cavalry Only Engaged.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

FOUR MILES NORTHWEST OF JARAGUA, CUBA, Friday, June 24 (2 P. M.) per the Associated Press dispatch boat Wanda, to Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 25th (9 A. M.) via Kingston, Ja., 11:30 A. M.—Dismounted American cavalrymen forced their way over the rough mountain trail this morning and encountered the Spanish infantry in a dense thicket on a high plateau almost overlooking the city of Santiago de Cuba and routed them after a sharp battle, lasting one hour.

This afternoon, strongly reinforced by the arrival of additional forces, the cavalrymen held a position a little more than five miles from the Spanish stronghold in Southeastern Cuba preparing for a general movement on that city.

The Killed and Wounded.

To-day's victory was not gained without the shedding of American blood and one officer and twelve of the troops lie under the ground on the field of battle, while about fifty others, including six officers, are in the field hospital suffering from wounds.

Of these, eight or ten will probably die. It is believed that the enemy's loss was at least fifty dead and double as many wounded. The American dead are: Captain Alynok Capron, of troop L, first volunteer cavalry; Sergeant Hamilton Fish, Jr., troop L, Privates Tilden, Dawson, troop L; George Daugherty, troop A; W. T. Irvin, troop F; all four of the same regiment, more familiarly known as the "rough riders," and Privates Dix, York, Bjork, Colbe, Berlin and Lemonck, all of troop K, First regular cavalry and Corporal White, troop E, Tenth cavalry.

The following officers were wounded: Major Brodie, shot through the right forearm; Captain McClantosk, troop B, shot through the right leg; Lieutenant J. S. Thomas, troop L, shot through the right leg. All the foregoing officers are rough riders.

Other officers wounded are: Captain Knox, Major Bell, Lieutenant Bryan. These officers are of the First cavalry. The following are among the soldiers wounded:

Rough Riders—Troop B—Privates E. M. Hill, Shelley F. Ishler, M. S. Newcomb, Fred. H. Beale and Corporal J. D. Rhodes.

Troop E—Corporal James F. Boan, Privates Frank B. Booth, Albert Hartle, R. G. Bailey, H. Alvers, N. G. Atherton, Clifford Reed and Sergeant C. W. Arringo.

Troop G—Sergeant Thoms F. Cavanaugh, Corporal L. L. Stewart, Privates George Rowland, H. J. Haefner, Michael Coyle, R. M. Reid and M. Russell.

Troop L—Privates J. R. Kean, Jno. P. Dermat, Thomas F. Meagher, Edward Calborat and Nathaniel Poe.

Tenth Cavalry—Troop B—Privates Russell, Gaines, Miller, Gross, Braxton and Wheeler.

Troop I.—Privates Ridd and Mayberry.

Edward Marshall, correspondent of the New York *Journal* and *Advertiser*, was seriously wounded in the small of the back.

Two Battles Fought.

Practically two battles were fought at the same time, one by the rough riders under the immediate command of Colonel Wood on the top of the plateau and the other on the hillsides, several miles away, by the regulars, with whom was General Young.

Before the Fight.

The expedition started from Jarauga —marked on some Cuban maps as Altares—a small town on the coast, nine miles east of Morro Castle, which was the first place occupied by the troops after their landing at Baiquiri last Wednesday.

Information was brought to the American army headquarters by Cubans on Thursday that forces of Spanish soldiers had assembled at the place where the battle occurred to block the march on Santiago. Gen. Young went there to dislodge them, the understanding being that the Cubans under General Castillo would co-operate with him, but the latter failed to appear until the fight was nearly finished. Then they asked permission to chase the fleeing Spaniards, but, as the victory was already won, General Young refused to allow them to take part in the fight.

General Young's plans contemplated the movement of half of his command along the trail at the base of the range of hills leading back from the coast, so that he could attack the Spaniards on the flank side, while the rough-riders went off to follow the trail leading over the hill to attack them in front. This plan was carried out completely. The troops left Jaragua at daybreak. The route of General Young and the regulars was comparatively level and easy of travel.

The Rough Riders.

The Hotchkiss guns were taken with this command. The first part of the journey of the rough riders was over steep hills several hundred feet high. The men carried 200 rounds of ammunition and heavy camp equipments. Although this was done easily in the early morning the weather became intensely hot and the sun beat down upon the cowboys and Eastern athletes as they toiled up the grade with their heavy packs, and frequent rests were necessary. The trail was so narrow that for the greater part of the way the men had to proceed single file. Prickly cactus bushes lined both sides of the trail and the underbrush was so thick that it was impossible to see ten feet on either side. All the conditions were favorable for a murderous ambuscade, but the troopers kept a close watch and made as little noise as possible.

The rough riders entered into the spirit of the occasion with the greatest enthusiasm. It was their first opportunity for a fight and every man was eager for it. The weather grew swelteringly hot and one by one the men threw away blankets and tent rolls and emptied their canteens. The first intimation had by Col. Woods' command that there were Spaniards in the vicinity was when they reached a point three or four miles back from the coast, when the low cuckoo calls of the Spanish soldiers were heard in the bushes. It was difficult to locate the exact point from which these sounds came. The men were ordered to speak in whispers, and frequent halts were made. Finally a place was reached about 8 o'clock where the trail opened into a space covered with high grass on the right-hand side of the trail and the thickest kind of bramble and underbrush on the other. A barbed wire fence also ran along the left side. The dead body of a Cuban was found on the side of the road, and at the same time Captain Capron's troops covered the outpost, the heads of several Spaniards being seen in the bushes for a moment.

The Fight Opened.

It was not until then that the men were permitted to load their carbines. When the order to load was given they acted on it with a will, and displayed the greatest eagerness to make an attack. At this time the sound of firing was heard a mile or two to the right, apparently coming from the hills beyond the thicket. It was the regulars replying to the Spaniards who had opened on them from the thicket. In addition to rapid rifle fire the boom of Hotchkiss guns could be heard. Hardly two minutes elapsed before Mauser rifles commenced to crack in the thicket and a hundred bullets whistled over the heads of the rough riders, cutting leaves from the trees and sending chips flying from the fence posts by the side of the men. The Spaniards had opened and they poured in a heavy fire, which soon had a most disastrous effect. The troops stood their ground with the bullets singing all around them. Private Colby caught sight of the Spaniards and fired the opening shot at them.

Sergeant Hamilton Fish, Jr., was the first man to fall. He was shot through the heart and died instantly. The Spaniards were not more than 200 yards off, but only occasional glimpses of them could be seen. The men continued to pour volley after volley into the brush in the direction of the sound of the Spanish shots, but the latter became more frequent and seemed to be getting nearer.

Troops Deployed.

Colonel Wood walked along his lines, displaying the utmost coolness. He ordered troops to deploy into the thicket and ordered another detachment into the open space on the left of the trail. Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt led the former detachment and tore through the bush, urging his men on. The shots came thicker and faster every moment, and the air seemed filled with the singing and shrieking sound of the Mauser bullets, while the short pop of the Spanish rifle could be distinguished from the heavier reports of the American weapons. Sometimes the fire would come in a volley and again shots would follow each other in rapid succession for several minutes.

Capt. Capron Shot Down.

Capt. Capron stood behind his men, revolver in hand, using it whenever a Spaniard exposed himself. His aim was sure and two of the enemy were seen to fall under his fire. Just as he was preparing to take another shot and shouting orders to his men at the same time, his revolver dropped from his grasp and he fell to the ground with a ball through his body. His troops were badly disconcerted for a moment, but, with all the strength he could muster, he cried "Don't mind me, boys, go on and fight." He was carried from the field as soon as possible and lived only a few hours.

Lieutenant Thomas, of the same troop, received a wound through the leg soon afterward and became delirious from pain. The troops that were in the thicket were not long in getting into the midst of the fight. The Spaniards located them and pressed them hard, but they sent a deadly fire in return, even though most of the time they could not see the enemy. After ten or fifteen minutes of hot work the firing fell off some and Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt ordered his men back from the thicket into the trail, narrowly escaping a bullet himself which struck a tree alongside his head.

Spaniards Gave Way.

It was evident that the Spaniards were falling back and changing their position, but their fire continued at intervals. Then the troops tore to the front and into more open country than where the enemy's fire was coming from. About this time small squads commenced to carry the wounded from the thicket and lay them in a more comfortable spot on the trail until they could be removed to the field hospital. Col. Wood also ordered his Hotchkiss gun into action, but the trooper who rode the mule upon which a part of the gun was packed had been stampeded. His animal broke into the woods in the opposite direction from the Spanish fire, and the gun, consequently, could not be used. It was just before the change of position was made that Edward Marshall, the correspondent of the New York *Journal and Advertiser*, was dangerously wounded. He was back of the troops and a ball struck him in the small of the back. The surgeons were unable to tell this afternoon whether or not he would recover.

During the fight in the thicket some of the troops did some wild shooting into the troop ahead of them and a part of the American loss is due to this fact. As soon as the position had been changed the Americans poured a more terrific fire then ever into the Spaniards as they got them into more open country and could see them better. It was not long before the enemy gave way and ran down the steep hill and up another hill to a blockhouse, with evident determination of making a final stand there.

Pursued the Enemy.

Colonel Wood was at the front directing the movement and it was here that Major Brodie was shot. Colonel Wood and Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt both led the troops in pursuit of the fleeing Spaniards and a hail of bullets was poured into the blockhouse. By the time the American advance got within 600 yards of the blockhouse the Spaniards abandoned it and scattered among the brush up another hill in the direction of Santiago and the battle was at an end.

General Young's Fight.

During all this time, just as hot a fight had been in progress at General Young's station. The battle begun in much the same manner as the other one, and when the machine guns opened fire the Spaniards sent volleys at the gunners from the brush on the opposite hillside. Two troops of cavalry charged up the hill, and the other troop sent a storm of bullets at every point from which the Spanish shouts came. The enemy was gradually forced back, though firing all the time, until they, as well as those confronting the rough-riders, ran for the blockhouse, only to be dislodged by Col. Wood's men.

The Dead and Wounded.

When it became evident that the Spaniards were giving up the fight, searching parties went through the thicket and tall grass picking up the dead and wounded. The latter were carried to a field hospital, half a mile to the rear, and all aid was given them, while preparations was made to remove them to Jaragua.

General Young stated afterward that the battle was one of the sharpest he had ever experienced. It was only the quick and constant fire of troopers, whether they could see the enemy or not, that forced the Spanish to retreat so soon. General Young spoke in the highest terms of the conduct of the men in his command and both Colonel Wood and Lieutenant Colonel Roosevelt were extremely gratified with the work done by the rough-riders on the first occasion of their being under fire.

Twelve dead Spaniards were found in the bush but the Americans made no special efforts to ascertain the enemy's loss. It is believed, however, that the bodies found represented only a small proportion of the dead and a conservative estimate is that at least fifty Spaniards fell in the fight.

The sun was blazing down on the field all the time the fight was in progress and many troopers were overcome by the heat and lack of water. A spring was found near by later on and the soldiers' canteens were filled from it.

Reinforcements

were ordered forward from Jaragua, but the march was a long one and they did not arrive until the fight was over. It was necessary to send a large supply of provisions to the soldiers from the base supplies at Jaragua and the only means of doing this was by pack trains which are necessarily slow. It is believed that the troops will be free from attack where they are and that the Spaniards will not attempt to repeat the play they adopted to-day of blocking the onward march of the Americans in the direction of Santiago. It is thought they will make their last stand at the city itself, trusting that, with the assistance of the shore battery and the guns on the warships in the harbor they will be able to repel the American troops, force them back to the seacoast and either capture them or drive them from the island.

DISPATCHES FROM SHAFTER

Regarding the Engagement Between the Spaniards and American Troops and the Landing of Forces.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Three dispatches from General Shafter, regarding the engagement between the Spaniards and the American forces, were made public at the War Department to-day. The first reached the department at noon and was as follows:

Playa del Este, June 25.—Adjutant General, U. S. A., Washington—Baiquiri, June 24.—Further news from General Wheeler places our loss in this morning's firing about ten killed and forty wounded. Captain Capron, First U. S. volunteer cavalry, killed. Wounded Major Brodie, Capt. McClintock and Lieut. Thomas, (received here Thos and supposed to be an abbreviation), First U. S. volunteer cavalry; Major Bell, Captain Knox and Lieutenant Bryan, first U. S. cavalry. Captain Knox, seriously; Captain Wainwright, formerly reported wounded, is uninjured. The names of the others killed and wounded are not yet known. The Spaniards occupied a very strong and entrenched position on a high hill. The firing lasted about an hour and the enemy was driven from his position which is now occupied by our troops, about a mile and a half from Savilla. The enemy has retired toward Santiago de Cuba.

[Signed] SHAFTER.

The second dispatch received after, though apparently written before that given out earlier in the day, follows:

Playa Del Este, June 25.—Adjutant General, Washington.—Baiquiri, June 24.—In pushing out to occupy a good position near Sevilla to wait and entrench until supplies and artillery could be landed, 14th and 10th cavalry, (14th apparently is a mistake) and Wood's regiment, had a skirmish; enemy was driven from his position and General Wheeler reports he now occupies their ground; wounded Major Bell, Captain Knox, Captain Wainright, Lieutenant Byram, First cavalry, and a number of men. Above nrmes only given; lighters and steam tugs asked for this morning should be sent at once.

[Signed] SHAFTER.

The third telegram made public is: *Playa del Este, via Hayti, June 25th, 1898.*—Adjutant General, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.—Baiquiri, June 23.—Had very fine voyage; lost about fifty animals, six or eight to-day. Lost more putting them through the surf to land. Command as healthy as when we left; eighty men sick; only deaths two men drowned in landing; landing difficult; coast quite similar to that in vicinity of San Francisco and covered with dense growth of bushes; landing at Baiquiri unopposed. All points occupied by Spanish troops heavily bombarded by navy to clear them out. Sent troops toward Santiago and occupied Jarugua city, a naturally strong place, this morning, Spanish troops retreating as soon as our advance was known. Had no mounted troops or could have captured them, about six hundred all told. Railroad from there in. Have cars and engine in possession. With assistance of navy disembarked six thousand men yesterday and as many more to day. Will get all troops off to-morrow, including light artillery and greater portion of pack train, probably all of it, with some of the wagons.

Animals have to be jumped to the water and towed ashore. Had consultation with General Garcia, Rabbi and Castillo at one P. M., on 20th, twenty miles west of Santiago. These officers were unanimously of the opinion that landing should be made east of Santiago. I had come to the same conclusion. General Garcia promises to join me at Jarugua city to-morrow with between three ndv four thousand men who will be brought from west of Santiago by ships of the navy to Jarugua city and there disembarked. This will give me between four and five thousand Cubans and leave one thousand under General Rabbi to threaten Santiago from the west. General Kent's division is being disembarked this afternoon at Jarugua City and will be continued during the night. The assistance of the navy has been of the greatest benefit and enthusiastically given; without them I could not have landed in ten days and perhaps not at all, as I believe I should have lost many boats in the surf. At present want nothing; weather has been good, no rain on land and prospects for fair weather.

SHAFTER, Major General United States Commanding.

MESSENGERS FROM GOMEZ.

On Their Way to New York With Dispatches for the Cuban Junta.

KEY WEST, June 25—7:40 P. M.—A gunboat arrived here this afternoon from the blockade squadron off Cardenas. She had a small cat boat in tow with six Cubans from Gomez' camp aboard. They left the camp of the insurgent leader on the 20th instant with dispatches and are the first direct messengers from his camp since the beginning of the war. They report that General Gomez is enjoying splendid health and spirits and that the health of the Cubans in the field is excellent. The headquarters of the insurgents is some place between Remedios and Sancti Spiritus and is unmolested by Spaniards. The messengers are under orders from Gomez to keep secret military movements and the strength of the Cuban army, but they admit that the insurgents still lack arms and ammunition. The messengers will leave at once with dispatches for General Thomas Estrada Palma in New York.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR GEN. SHAFTER.

An Expedition of 6,000 Men Expected to Leave Tampa in a Day or Two.

IN ALL 12,000 to 14,000 Men.

War Department Still Without Official Advices of the Bloody Affair Last Friday—Great Struggle Yet to Come—The Spanish Force.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Interest shifted sharply to-day from the Navy Department to the War Department. The newspaper report, brief and graphic, telling of the short bloody little engagement between the Spaniards defending Santiago and the rough-riders, the romantic figures in the American army, had aroused popular interest to a high pitch. Consequently the War Department scarcely opened for business before a crowd of newspaper men and other interested persons filled the hall and vicinity of the bulletin boards seeking for official information that would supply data missing from the press accounts. It was not until nearly noon that the first cablegram came from Shafter, and then, to the disappointment of the Department, it was even more meagre than the press reports. During the course of the day several other dispatches were received, but they all left something to be desired, for being unde yesterday's date, they did nor relieve the anxiety as to what happened yesterday evening and to-day, with the two armies separated by the short space of a mile and a half. An explanation of this state of affairs was found in the fact that General Shafter failed to take with him from Tampa the splendid field telegraph service that had been prepared with much care by General Greely for just such a campaign as is now being waged. It is probable that he has already seen his error and will avail himself of the instruments just as soon as they can be sent to him. There was a general expression of grief at the loss sustained by the soldiers in yesterday's fight.

Officials Satisfied.

Still, the officials in high places expressed themselves as thoroughly satisfied with the result, realizing that war cannot be successfully waged without sacrifice of life. The impression gained from one of General Shafter's dispatches is that he is now about to delay his advance until he has secured his artillery. Such a course will be dictated by common prudence, for it is known that the Spaniards have fortified, as far as they could, advanced positions outside of Santiago and it would be the height of folly to throw soldiers unsupported by artillery against such works. Unfortunately, there promises to be some delay in landing all the artillery, owing to the loss on the voyage to Santiago of the big lighter which seems to be necessary to transfer the heavy guns from the ships to the landing pier. The naval authorities have responded promptly to the appeal of the War Department and some means will be found through the aid of the warships to accelerate the landing of the supplies and guns.

During the day Secretary Alger and General Miles held several conferences, not so much to go over the struggle of yesterday as to give every military preparation for the

Great Struggle Yet to Come.

As a result heavy reinforcements will go forward at once, both from Tampa and from Newport News. An expedition of 6,000 men is expected to leave Tampa within the next three days. It comprises the command of Brigadier General Snyder, the Third division of the First army corps. The stores are already going aboard transports, and the start of the expedition only awaits the arrival of the naval convoy. Part of the warships sent over with Shafter's expedition have been released from Admiral Sampson and are now on their way back to Tampa to escort the additional troops. Others will follow, and then another formidable marine procession will start across the Gulf to Cuba. Whether the battleship Indiana will lead this expedition, as it did the last, is not definitely settled. There will be several heavy warships however, as well as lighter craft, to give safe conduct to General Snyder's division. Simultaneous with this General Henry's division will be moving along the Atlantic coast and thence to Santiago. In all, the reinforcements from Tampa and Newport News will be in the neighborhood of 12,000 to 14,000 men. Drafts on Chickamauga are likely to follow soon, as the hurry orders recently given have led to the full equipment of several commands.

The War Department

is acting on the theory that it is not politic to take any possible chance of a serious reverse near Santiago. The latest information reaching the authorities here show that the Spanish army is greater than has been estimated thus far. Lieutenant Joyce, of the regular army, reported to General Miles to-day, giving much information as to the number and location of the Spanish troops. Before Joyce entered the United States army, he had served with General Garcia, and had traversed a good part of Santiago province. He was on the ground only a few weeks ago, leaving there in April, and at that time he had opportunities to get an accurate idea of the Spanish forces at eastern end of the island. He reports the number at 37,000, of which 12,000 are in Santiago, 10,000 at Holguin and 15,000 at Manzanillo. Once concentrated at Santiago this would make a formidable army, but separated by forest and mountain, the insurgents are expected to keep the forces at Holguin and Manzanillo from getting to Santiago.

Cable Communication.

One of the curious features of the situation was the opening of direct communication between the Spaniards in Santiago and the outside world over the French cable through the medium of an American military censor. This was effected to-day by the restoration of the circuit running from Santiago overland to the place on the shore within the American lines—Playa del Este—where the cable begins which runs across to Cape Haytian. At the junction sits the American army officer, who discharges the duty of a censor. So far only test messages have gone through over this circuit, but it will be open to ordinary business that is able to pass successfully both American and Spanish censorship.

The Navy Department has acquired the fine steamship Pedro, which was declared a prize, having been captured by the Nashville early in the war. She was bought subject to prize liens and was to-day christened Hector and ordered to be converted into a collier. The steamer Norse King just purchased has been christened Rainbow and changed into a distiller to su pply the fleet pure water.

A cyclone at Danville, Va., wrecked Gravelly & Miller's tobacco factory and several other houses.

HAWAIIAN RESOLUTIONS.

An Exciting Discussion in the Senate Over a Proposition to Adjourn Until Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Late this afternoon an exciting discussion was precipitated in the Senate over a proposition to adjourn until Monday. At the conclusion of a speech by Mr. Turley of Tennessee, a futile effort was made to agree upon a time to take a final vote upon the annexation resolutions. The advocates of the resolutions voted down motions to go into executive session and to adjourn and demand the regular order.

The opponents of annexation were determined not to proceed with the debate, and for nearly an hour carried on filibustering tactics by entering motion after motion to adjourn or to go into executive session and demanded the yeas and nays on each motion. Several calls of the Senate were sandwiched in between the various motions, each, of course requiring a roll call that consumed time.

The feeling was becoming every minute more bitter, and the explosion finally came when Mr. Morgan, Democrat, Alabama, a member of the foreign relations committee and an ardent annexationist, took the floor and made an attack upon those who were conducting the filibuster, denouncing the effort to hold up the annexation resolutions as "a miserable political trick and intrigue," to which he could never bring himself to be a party. He declared that the American people were in no mood to be trifled with on this question, and that the men who were parties in the filibustering tactics would be spurned by their constituents.

In an indignant reply to Mr. Morgan, Mr. White, Democrat, California, the leader of opponents of annexation, denounced as false the charge that he and his friends were filibustering against the Hawaiian resolutions. He maintained that their opposition was being conducted honestly and conscientiously, but that he did not propose to be dictated to by anybody.

Mr. Teller, Colorado, poured oil on the troubled waters, but declared strongly for early action upon the resolutions.

ADMIRAL CAMARA'S FLEET

Will Not Go to Manila, But to Another Port in the Philippines—Talk of Peace Overtures in Madrid.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, June 26.—The Madrid correspondence of the *Sunday Times* says:

"Admiral Camara's fleet will not go to Manila, but to another port in the Philippines, to land troops in order to hold a strong position. The fleet will then be ready for action, and if Admiral Dewey wants to fight he will have to leave Manila bay. Admiral Dewey will thus either leave the bay unprotected or divide his fleet. This move has made a good impression here.

"Interest to-day centred in the meeting of the cabinet. It is believed that the ministers favor overtures of peace, but disagree as to the manner in which they should proceed and this may provoke a crisis and precipitate the end."

EN ROUTE TO SANTIAGO.

Troops Embarked on the Harvard at Newport News and Will Start To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., June 25.—A regiment and two battalions of infantry embarked on the auxiliary cruiser Harvard here this afternoon and some time to-morrow will leave for Santiago, to reinforce Gen. Shafter. The troops are the Ninth Massachusetts, Colonel Fred B. Bogan, and the second and third battalions of the Thirty-fourth Michigan, Colonel J. F. Peterman, numbering about 1500 men, which completes General Duffield's brigade, the first detachment of which sailed for Cuba on the auxiliary cruiser Yale from Old Point Comfort Thursday evening. Both regiments arrived here this morning on special trains from Camp Alger.

CZAR AND CZARINA.

An Attempt to Poison Their Majesties—Two Arrests Made.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

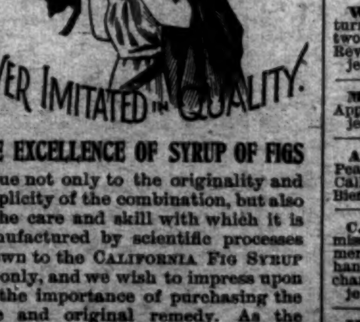
LONDON, June 25.—A special dispatch received here from Vienna this afternoon says it is reported there that Count and Countess Zuanoff, said to be, respectively, chamberlain of the Czar and the lady in waiting on the Czarina, have been arrested and charged with an attempt to poison their majesties.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago.—Chicago, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Pittsburg.—Pittsburg, 0; Boston, 2. Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; New York, 1. Louisville.—Louisville, 3; Philadelphia, 7. Cincinnati.—Cincinnati, 8; Washington, 5.



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is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For Health and Pleasure.



Go To Cleveland Springs,

LEE & MILLER, Props., Shelby, N. C.

CHARMING CUISINE,

Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,

THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

Mr. J. E. Montague, late Manager of The Orton for nine years, is connected with the management, and will be glad to see his friends. su we je 26 tf

ADVISORY NOTICE

To Cottagers at

Ocean View and Carolina Beach.

Take a Day Off

and ascertain your needs and advise us of same at least a week before you intend to occupy your Cottage. This will enable you to spend your first night as comfortably as your last, and also escape the discomfort attendant upon incomplete Furnishing.

This is not Jersey, but a Dixie Net is an Indispensable Adjunct to a good night's rest. We have them.

The Sneed Company,

je 3 tf Furniture and House Furnishings.

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,

AND DEPOSIT IT IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, and working for you while you are asleep.

☞ We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit. je 9 tf

Auction Sale.

THE BALANCE OF THE HEINSBERGER STOCK

OF BOOKS, PICTURES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, FANCY GOODS, &c., WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

Sale begins Monday, June 20th, at 11 o'clock,

and each day thereafter until entire stock is sold.

C. W. YATES & CO.

je 19 tf

A SPANISH REPORT

On the Recent Fighting Near Santiago de Cuba.

MADRID, June 25, 8 a. m.—The official report of Captain General Blanco on the recent fighting near Santiago de Cuba says: "Three hundred Americans attacked the Spaniards near Siboney and Savilla. The Spaniards had three men killed and three wounded. The Americans then attacked General Rubon's camp, but were repulsed, the Spaniards pursuing them and taking possession of their ammunition and clothes. The American warships have bombarded Casilda."

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, increased $2,933,450; loans, increased $2,262,600; specie, increased $1,201,400; legal tenders, increased $374,900; deposits, increased $6,771,400; circulation, decreased $20,300. The banks now hold $62,206,250 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, fo 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Fifteen Patent School Desks, Regal manufacture, at half cost. Sizes range from six to twelve years. In use only one term. Apply to 129 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. je 23 2t su we

For Sale—A fox terrier dog, 15 months old, evenly marked and watchful. Call at No. 7 North Front street. je 26 1t

Photographer Runaway.—U. C. Ellis has run way ahead of his competitors and the public concedes him the right of way for the finest possible Photographs. Your work solicited. 114 Market street. je 26 1m

Wanted—To hire a horse and buggy, a light turnout, for family use at the Sound, for one or two months. For further information apply to Rev. E. Wootten, No. 11 South Third street. je 26 1t*

Money Wanted on approved real estate. Apply to D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 23 1w

A Choice Lot of Georgia Watermelons, Peaches, Apples and Tomatoes just received. Call on me or ring up Bell Phone No. 38. H. J. Bierman. je 21 tf

C. S. Garrell has opened a produce commission business at 7 North 2nd street. Shipments from the country solicited and will be handled with care and promptness. City merchants requested to ask for prices. je 16 D&W 1m

How About Some Fine country Hams? You can get them from L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. See him for anything you want in country produce. je 4 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is the place to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 3 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Just Received Big Lot fresh Mountain Butter. Only 18c pound. Also big stock Strawberries and all kinds of vegetables. Both phones 163. L. Clayton Grant, successor to R. E. Ward, 213 Market street. my 22 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, &c. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 228. sep 21 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front Street.

"New-blown" Conceits in Ladies' Summer Furnishings!

Here are the furnishings you need right now—bright with the first flush of newness—most of them brand new novelties—fresh, crisp—not picked over or handled. They appeal especially to up-to-date

Women of Taste.

Striped Linen Crash at 20c per yard.

White Duck, 10, 12 1-2 and 15c.

40-inch White Victoria Lawn, special 10c.

Remnants of India Linen, 8, 10 and 15c.

Special lot of 20c Organdies, a Bargain at 10c.

35c French Organdies, to close at 25c.

Zephyr Ginghams for Waists at 15c.

Bathing Suits, Bathing Caps, in Gent's, Ladies' and Children's Suits from 85c to $5.00.

Caps, 15 to 75c.

Just received 50 pieces of Mattings. Those who wish

Good Matting

will do well to inspects our line.

Full stock of

Mosquito Nets, Hammocks, Trunks and Bags.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

Sole Agents for W. B. CORSETS and STANDARD PATTERNS. je 12 tf

For Stock.

Hay, Oats, Corn, Peas,

Bran and Wheat Meadlings.

Sugars, Coffee, Flour, Molasses

&c., &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

my 7 tf

OCEANIC HOTEL,

Carolina Beach, N. C.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.—Rates $2.00 per day, local; $10 per week, or $1.00 per day by month.

N. B.—Milk for table carefully sterilized. Sterilizer also at service of cottagers.

je 2 1m R. A. JENKINS, Prop.

Hamme, The Hatter,

HAS JUST RECEIVED DUPLICATE OF THE

Best Straw Hats and Caps

of the season.

Cordial invitation to all.

je 19 tf 26 North Front street.